# We need world-wide corpus-based typology: A parallel corpus study of restrictives ('only') 

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Language is a tool for communication in concrete use and there are several thousand languages; hence, approaches that are both corpus-linguistically and typologically informed must play an important role in linguistics. This is demonstrated in an investigation of the generally expressed meaning (GEM) 'only', considered here in translations of the New Testament. It is shown that restrictives are universal (are attested in all 121 languages of a stratified sample from 121 language families and isolates), that the generally expressed meaning (GEM) 'only' differs considerably from the parochially expressed meaning (PEM) of English only, that restriction plays an important role in discourse and that the use of restrictives exhibits hemispheric differences with the Pacific and the Afro-Eurasian linguistic hemispheres reflecting partly different usage patterns. It is argued that these differences are deeply rooted in discourse (parole) rather than grammar and lexicon (langue) and are so common in discourse that they percolate to written Bible translations.

## 1. Introduction

In a recent article, Levshina (2022) advocates corpus-based typology (using corpora for cross-linguistic comparison), especially spotlighting case studies with samples of European, Eurasian and LOL-languages (Literate, Official, and with Lots of users; Dahl 2015). In this paper, I will argue that, within corpusbased typology, approaches with world-wide language samples can deal with a range of questions that are difficult to approach otherwise. The exemplification consists of case studies about the expression of 'only' in the languages of the world. With the exception of König (1991), there is very little previous comparative work on 'only'. Here it will be explored
a. whether 'only' can be considered to be universal (§2),
b. how the generally expressed meaning (GEM) 'only' (world-average) differs from the parochially expressed meaning (PEM) of English only (§3),
c. to what extent 'only' can be considered a discourse notion (§4) and
d. whether 'only' expressions exhibit macro-areal differences in use between Pacific languages (indigenous languages of the Americas, New Guinea and Australia, not including a single typical LOL-language) and AfroEurasian languages (Africa and Western and Central Eurasia) (§5).
'Only' is a favorable domain for automatic quantitative analysis in the world-wide parallel corpus used here, translations of the New Testament [NT] (Mayer \& Cysouw 2014; Wälchli 2023), since 'only' expressions happen to be fairly transparent (one-to-one correspondence between morpheme and meaning), which facilitates their automatic extraction. They are not always words, though.


König (1991: 21) notes that Tarma Quechua, Purepecha, Mokilese and Manam have suffixes (note that these are all Pacific languages). When 'only' is an affix, markers are often termed "restrictive" or "limitative" in grammars, but I will use 'only' marker and "restrictive" as synonyms here. Restrictives are underresearched in typology, which entails that they are often rather poorly treated in reference grammars - the traditional sources of material in typological studies - so that alternative data sources are needed, one of several arguments for using corpus material.
It is not obvious whether restrictives are grammatical markers at least according to Croft's (2003: 224) criteria. According to Croft (2003: 224), members of grammatical categories are prototypically (i) bound, (ii) closed class items and (iii) obligatory. 'Only' markers can be affixes (bound) or full words (free), are quite independent of the major word classes nouns and verbs, but often not easily attributable to closed sets, and can be extremely frequent in use without necessarily becoming grammatically obligatory under specific morphosyntactic conditions. However, restrictives require a morphosyntactic environment. Restrictives apply to a constituent (the semantic literature calls this "focus") within the context of a predication (the semantic literature calls this "scope"; see, e.g., König 1991, ch. 3). ${ }^{1}$ The functional domain of restrictives is absence of alternatives. ${ }^{2}$ Absence of alternatives can be handled in discourse largely in three different ways: by a restrictive marker such as only (1a), by exhaustive listing inferred from the context (without marker), called here "bare-affirmative" (1b), and by exception to an empty set (1c).

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { (a) A bad tree produces only bad fruit. }  \tag{1}\\
\text { (b) A bad tree produces bad fruit. } & \text { (bare-affirmative strategy) } \\
\text { (c) A bad tree does not produce anything except/but } \underline{\text { bad fruit. }}
\end{array}
$$

(exception strategy)
Restriction and exhaustive listing are two sides of the same coin - absence of alternatives, but differ in marking (overt vs. covert). Absence of alternatives can be scalar (all absent alternatives worth considering are on the other side of a scale) and non-scalar. What renders (1) scalar is the quality modifier 'bad'. However, the most typical scalar examples have modifiers expressing minimal

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quantities (the most typical one being 'one'). Whether scalar or not, absence of alternatives is always in some sense hierarchical. The restricted/exhaustivelylisted/exceptional set is not on the same level as the absent set of alternatives, it is "higher" or "lower"; there is always some sort of inequality between the two. Not incidentally, comparison of inequality plus negation is a natural paraphrase of 'only', as illustrated in (2) from Tabasaran, where 'only' is expressed by the Tabarasan comparison of inequality construction, literally "don't serve anyone (other) than him" with 'other' being implicit. A natural paraphrase is a paraphrase actually attested in some other natural languages as a translation equivalent (Wälchli 2022: 1552).
(2) Tabasaran (tab, Nakh-Daghestanian, NT40004010³)

| va | sa-r | duৎa-z-t'an | ¢ullu¢ | ma-p'-an!" |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| and | one-HUM | 3SG-DAT-COMP | work/service | PROH.2SG-do-CIRC |

'[Then Jesus said to him, "Go away, Satan, for it is written, 'You shall worship the Lord your God] and serve only him.'", literally "...and don't serve anyone than him" (like French ne...que 'only' < Latin non...quam).
Example (2) emphasizes exclusivity. I understand "exclusivity" here as not easily being amenable to the bare-affirmative strategy. In (2), the effect is due to the context; 'and serve him!' would be rather redundant after 'worship God!', the second conjunct primarily contributes an emphasis on absence of alternatives and hence can be expected to be marked explicitly. In the semantic literature, the terms "restrictive" and "exclusive" are often used in similar ways. Here, I will use "exclusive" as a narrower term. Exclusion is emphatic restriction to an exclusive subset. ${ }^{4}$

In the semantic literature, only is usually discussed in isolated and constructed examples such as (3a), and is often decomposed into a combination of a bareaffirmative (3b) and a negative-with-exception (3c) component (see, for instance, König 1991: 98 for the details glossed over here).
(a) Only Jane smokes.
(b) Jane smokes.
(c) Nobody but/except Jane smokes.

Restrictive
Bare-affirmative
Negative-with-exception

However, as we have seen above, (3b) and (3c) are nothing else but possible alternative strategies to express absence of alternatives. However, the restrictive (1a), the bare-affirmative (1b) and the exception (1c) strategies are not completely synonymous. It will turn out as an empirical result of a cross-

[^1]linguistic study in $\S 3$, that they form a continuous domain, as illustrated in Figure 1 with three languages in a simplified manner. ${ }^{5}$

| Bare-affirmative | Restrictive | Exception |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| "light only" contexts | <--------- "heavy only" contexts--------------------->> |  |
| [NO MARKER] | only | NEG + ex |
| [NO MARKER] | NEG + -t'an 'than' | NEG + ¢aj |
| baman 'only' -- | baman 'only' -- | baman 'on |

Figure 1: Absence of alternatives as a continuum

In the parallel corpus, there are many examples where bare-affirmative and restrictive statements are each other's natural paraphrases, as in (4):
(4) Miskito (miq, Misumalpan, NT40007017): "light only" context

Baku bamna, dus yamni bani mâ yamni sak-i-sa, like that's.why tree good every fruit good find/choose-IND-3sG bara dus saura bani mâ saura baman sak-i-sa. then/whereas tree bad every fruit bad only find/choose-IND-3sG 'In the same way, every good tree produces good fruit, but a bad tree produces bad fruit.' Literally: "...bad fruit only".

Exhaustive-listing readings often apply to constituents without any overt marker as, for instance, pointed out by Van Rooij (2002), who discusses only in terms of relevance. Natural language discourse is not fully explicit; less important circumstances are usually not reported, which is why uncertainties about readings with or without exhaustive listing may emerge that may be explicitly resolved by restrictives. The emergence of restrictive markers in the languages of the world follows from the fact that contexts with absence of alternatives are frequent in discourse, at least some of which must be overtly marked. In most saliently restrictive contexts such as (2) - we may call this "heavy only" contexts - overt marking of absence of alternatives is almost mandatory; in contexts such as (4) - we may call these "light only" contexts - the job is done very well also by the bare-affirmative strategy. ${ }^{6}$ However, as we will see, the languages of the world greatly differ as to the extent to which they prefer overt or covert strategies for absence of alternatives.

There is also a set of examples where the restrictive and the negative-withexception strategy are each other's natural paraphrases. Here, English and other European languages often use the negative-with-exception strategy

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where many non-European languages tend to prefer 'only' expressions, as in (5).
(5) Miskito (miq, Misumalpan, NT41005037)

| Bara upla wala lika kau ya-n | ai yula | kahb-ras, |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| then person other like still give/make-PST. 3 OBJ. 3 ? | put-NEG |  |  |
| Pita, Jems bara muihnika Jan ba baman. |  |  |  |
| Peter James then brother | John DEM only |  |  |

'And he did not allow anyone to follow along with him except Peter and James and John, the brother of James.'

Examples such as (4) and (5) suggest that not all 'only'-marked examples contain affirmative and negative semantic components, but that the absence-of-alternatives-domain rather is a continuum. To detect these and other phenomena, it is necessary to pursue an approach that is massively crosslinguistic and usage-oriented at the same time and it is the purpose of this paper to argue, by considering restrictives, that linguistic approaches that are both cross-linguistically and corpus-linguistically informed have many advantages.

## 2. Universal, but not universal in all usage types

In this section, I will show that languages tend to have at least one segmental restrictive marker (can be a word-form, clitic or affix) which is (i) moderately or highly frequent, (ii) typically expresses exclusion and (iii) tends to be a one-word rather than a two-word expression (can consist of several morphemes, though, such as (European) Spanish sola-mente and English on-ly with an adverb suffix).
A meaning encoded by a certain marker in a certain language is an expressed meaning. This paper distinguishes between parochially expressed meanings ( $P E M$, a meaning corresponding to a marker in one language, here notably the English PEM only) and generally expressed meanings (GEM, a meaning expressed in similar ways by markers in many different languages from different language families and linguistic areas, here notably the GEM 'only' expressed across a stratified sample of 121 languages). Note that a generally expressed meaning is a meaning-form pair, a meaning that is expressed, at least in many languages. For grammatical categories, GEMs have been called gram types (Bybee \& Dahl 1989; Wälchli \& Dahl 2016), but we need a more general term, since grammatical category types are only a special case of a more general phenomenon. 'Only' markers are usually neither most typically grammatical nor most typically lexical items, but - like lexical and grammatical category types they constitute a generally expressed meaning, whose language-specific markers are similar, but not identical, in use. Both PEMs and GEMs are modelled as extensional sets in a parallel text corpus (sets of verses in the NT) both as fuzzy and as strictly delimited extensions. Fuzzy sets can be obtained by counting the number of translations where a set of marker is attested. For the


English PEM only this means the number of different translations per verse where only is attested. For the GEM 'only' this means the number of verses where markers in 121 languages are attested that have been identified to mean 'only'. The set of contexts with the highest number of translations with an attested marker is sometimes sloppily called "prototype" (which disregards that prototype is originally a psychological notion and sets obtained by crosslinguistic comparison are unlikely to have psychological reality), so it is better to call them cross-linguistically most salient contexts or attractor contexts. Salient or attractor contexts may be defined as contexts (verses in the NT) in which a large number of languages make use of their most characteristic marker for a meaning, here 'only'. For automatic searches, strict sets of verses can be obtained from fuzzy sets by cutting below a certain number of translations with attested markers both for the PEM only in English and for the GEM 'only' in the stratified sample.
According to König (1991: 98) it is "a fair guess that [all languages] will have at least one 'exclusive' \{=restrictive, BW\} particle like E. only...". We cannot survey all languages here, but the parallel corpus considered here contains languages from as many as 121 different genealogical affiliations (families or isolates) according to Hammarström et al.'s (2022) classification (no sign languages though). For the manual inspection, I have selected a stratified sample of 121 languages with one language per family or isolate (see Appendix A). Since genealogical diversity is higher in the Pacific hemisphere, it contains as many as 91 languages from the Americas, New Guinea and Australia.

Table 1 displays a selection of results from the stratified sample (for the full list, see Appendix A). A manual qualitative analysis of the texts with the help of reference grammars and dictionaries reveals that all languages in the sample have at least one restrictive (many languages actually have more than one). On the basis of the manual analysis, optimal linear search strings were determined for all languages (if there are several markers, one has been chosen, but that single marker can have allomorphs or be inflected). The frequency column "f verses" (frequency counted by number of verses where the string is attested) shows that the rough automatic count of markers displays considerable differences in frequency.

| Translation | Language | Family | Manually determined search strings | f <br> verses | WW seeds <br> Max 35 / 501 <br> verses | Eng seeds <br> Max 2 / 508 verses |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| dts | Toro So Dogon | Dogon | sai | 267 | [sai]1 | [sai]1 |
| ian | latmul | Ndu | mina | 826 | [mina]1 | [mina]1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { cap- } \\ & 2004 \end{aligned}$ | Chipaya | Uru-Chipaya | >qaś< | 1420 | [>qaś<]1 | [>qaś<]1 |
| katrevised | Georgian | Kartvelian | дऽウூை | 56 |  <br>  |  м\|дง(n@s] 1 |
| mww | Hmong Daw | Hmong-Mien | xwb | 651 | \{[xwb]1 [tsuas]2 [tib]3 \} | \{[xwb]1 [tsuas]2 [tib]3 \} |
| shp | ShipiboConibo | Pano-Tacanan | >bicho< | 330 | $\begin{aligned} & {[>\text { bicho<]1 }} \\ & {[>\text { res }<] 2} \end{aligned}$ | [>res<]1 <br> [>bicho<]2 |
| nuy | Wubuy | Gunwinyguan | >-bugij<\|>-wugij< | 1165 | [>ugij<]1 | [>-bugij<]1 |
| ayr-2011 | Central Aymara | Aymaran | >ki< | 5051 | [>kiw<]1 <br> [>\#sapa<]2 | [>kiw<]1 |
| cbu | CandoshiShapra | (Isolate) | >mari< | 3714 | [>mari<]1 | ---NONE--- |
| kwi | AwaCuaiquer | Barbacoan | >ain\#<\|>min\#< | 3795 | ---NONE--- | ---NONE--- |
| naq | Nama (Namibia) | Khoe-Kwadi | Iguisa\|Iguiba|Iguina | 139 | [>\#lgui<]1 | [>\#\|gui<]1 |
| yle | Yele | (Isolate) | mo | 244 | [ngmidi]1 [mo\|nuw:o]2 | [mo]1 |

Table 1: Selected languages from the stratified 121-language sample
The rightmost two columns report the result of an automatic extraction of markers with a collocation measure (see Appendix B). A comparison of the two rightmost columns in Table 1 unveils that the outcome is largely the same even though the result is slightly better with world-wide than with just English trigger forms or "seeds" (but actually not better for all languages). We can conclude that despite considerable differences between the PEM English only and worldwide GEM 'only' (see §3), restrictives in the languages of the world are indeed 'only' markers in the sense that they are quite similar to English only in use, provided that - and this is an important condition - even less salient English 'only' contexts are included. English only occurs in between 65 to 340 verses of the NT depending on the translation, but the results in Table 1 are obtained by choosing a strict set of as many as 508 verses (all verses where only occurs in more than one of 32 English translations) as search domain. This accounts for the fact that many languages of the world use their 'only' expressions considerably more frequently than English. However, this is a difference in use and not a language system property in the grammar or lexicon. In order to determine the world-wide (WW) search domain, a strict set of 501 verses where one of the manually determined search strings occurred in at least 35 languages

was selected. Note that this results in the two search domains having about the same size in number of verses. However, the intersection of the two sets is only 284 verses.
Let us look at the markers in Table 1. In the easiest case, the marker is one word-form, as in Dogon sai. What the table does not show is that some markers, such as latmul mina, are actually homonymous with another meaning: mina is both 'only' and min-a [2sG.M-GEN] 'your' (as a consequence of which, the frequency value 826 for 'only' in Table 1 is too high, the correct value is in the range of 500-600). Since such homonymies are not recurrent, not removing them does not do much harm for determining cross-linguistic frequencies of 'only' markers per verse. In many languages, the markers are affixes, such as the Chipaya suffix -qaś. If there are several markers that are mutually exclusive in use, such as Georgian marto 'alone, only', mxolod 'only' and garda 'except', the extraction algorithm arranges them paradigmatically in one slot because
 many languages have constructions with more than one marker. Hmong-Daw is a case of multiple slots, there are such examples as tsuas yog Vaj-tswv tib leeg xwb [only ${ }_{2}$ one king-master single person only ${ }_{1}$ ] 'except God alone' (note that in English even except and alone are two markers). Note that the order of extraction [xwb]1 [tsuas]2 [tib]3 is not the same as word order, but follows strength of collocation in descending order. Just as there can be two words in a sequence, there can be two affixes in a row as in Shipibo-Konibo Diosbichores (=Dios-bicho-res [God-only-just] 'only God'). The algorithm identifies the two morphemes without difficulty even though they are not separated in writing because they do not always occur together, sometimes it is just -bicho, sometimes it is just -res. However, sometimes morpheme boundaries are not transparent. In Wubuy there are the two allomorphs -bugij and -wugij 'only', making >ugij< a good compromise. Aymaran -ki, Candoshi-Shapra -mari and Awa-Cuaiquer -/yn/ <-in> have very high text frequency which renders them less transparent. The Awa-Cuaiquer marker is never extracted automatically and the Aymaran marker -ki makes it only in an actually bimorphemic sequence $-k i-w$ 'only' plus affirmative or personal evidence sentence marker -w(a). A considerable number of languages make little or no distinction between 'only' and 'one'. In Nama, both 'one' and 'only' have the stem Igui(-), and are only syntagmatically distinguishable, as in Igui iri Iguiba 'only one hour', Igui 'one' precedes the noun whereas Igui- 'only, alone' follows the noun and is inflected for gender and number with a suffix. Rarely, a frequent word for 'one' is wrongly extracted in the first slot. Yele ngmidi is 'one', mo is 'only' and $m u$ (not extracted) is 'only' in mu ngmidi 'only one'.
The manually determined search strings can now be used for detecting which are the most characteristic contexts of use for 'only' markers world-wide. Table 2 lists some more or less characteristic contexts (as far as represented in the parallel text corpus).


Top ranks are exclusive [Excl] rather than minimal amount or smaller amount than expected (such as 'only one' or 'only' with other numerals [Min]). Negative-with-exception contexts [Except] (here counted with number of except in English translations) rank highly in the stratified sample. Typical 'alone'-contexts are difficult to separate from 'only', since many 'only' markers also mean 'alone'. Uniqueness modification [Uniq] (English, the only N the one and only N ) figures prominently among the top ranking examples in English, but not in the stratified sample. "Light" uses (where at least formal English style usually lacks any overt marker and uses the bare-affirmative strategy) are rather heterogeneous in the stratified sample; some rank very highly, some have overt 'only' just in very few translations of the stratified sample.

Koine Greek (grc) mon- 'only' happens to use 'only' very restrictively and it is probably of some importance where there was an overt marker in the original Greek text. Most translations to European languages follow the Greek original very closely. However, the results in the world-wide sample do not simply follow the original Greek text.

| Verse | Text | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rank } \\ & \text { of } \\ & 7933 \end{aligned}$ | f WW of 121 | Type | fonly of 32 | grc mon- | f <br> except <br> of 32 | f alone of 32 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 58009007 | but only the high priest enters into the second tent [ONLY] once a year [...] | 1 | 109 | Excl | 20 | X |  | 13 |
| 40005047 | And if you greet only your brothers, what are you doing that is remarkable? [...] | 2 | 108 | Excl | 31 | x |  |  |
| 40004010 | [...] for it is written, 'You shall worship the Lord your God [ONLY] and serve only him.'" | 3 | 106 | Excl | 24 | x |  | 8 |
| 40019017 | [...] There is [ONLY] one who is good [...] | 29.5 | 88 | Min | 17 |  | 3 |  |
| 42006032 | "And if you love [ONLY] those who love you, what kind of credit is that to you? [...] | 42 | 84 | Light | 4 |  |  |  |
| 46001014 | I give thanks to God that I baptized none of you except Crispus and Gaius, | 83 | 73 | Except | 1 |  | 25 |  |
| 41009037 | [...] whoever welcomes me does not welcome [ONLY] me, but the one who sent me." | 192 | 57 | Light | 6 |  |  |  |
| 40014023 | [...] So when evening came, he was there alone. | 289 | 47 | Alone |  | X |  | 31 |
| 42007012 | [...] his mother's only son, [...] | 303 | 46 | Unique | 30 | x |  |  |
| 41002017 | [...] "Those who are healthy do not have need of a physician, but [ONLY] those who are sick. [...] | 316.5 | 45 | Light | 1 |  |  |  |
| 42016007 | Then he said to another, 'And how much do you owe?' And he said, 'A hundred measures of wheat.' He said to him, 'Take your promissory note and write [ONLY] eighty.' | 437 | 38 | Min |  |  |  |  |
| 41003034 | "Behold, [ONLY these are] my mother and my brothers! (see example (6)) | $\begin{aligned} & 4219 . \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | 12 | Light |  |  |  |  |
| 41006024 | "The head of John the baptizer [ONLY]." (see example (7)) | 6568 | 7 | Light |  |  |  |  |

Table 2: More and less salient examples

In "light" contexts, restrictive marking competes with the bare-affirmative strategy and this is possible because in all these examples the bare-affirmative is sufficiently informative in discourse. Consider (6) and (7) from Sougb, reflecting contexts where restrictives are very rare cross-linguistically. What distinguishes (6) is that the most expected referents are excluded (biological mother and brothers are excluded from the predication be mother and brothers).


In both (6) and (7) the referent of the restriction is per se a surprise, it is not primarily the restriction that is the surprise. One might argue that there is a semantic shift from restriction to counterexpectative referent.
(6) Sougb (mnx, East Bird's Head, NT41003034)

| $\ldots .$. Len gin | dous | eng | dan | ind-im | dara |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3PL DEM/TOP | only | REL 1SG | POSS.1SG-mother | with |  |
| ind-agto-r |  | misen. |  |  |  |
| POSS.1sG-yo.brother-PL | true/really |  |  |  |  |

Literally: "Only they are my mother and my true brothers."
"[...they told him, "Behold, your mother and your brothers and your sisters are outside looking for you. And he answered them and said, "Who are my mother and my brothers?" And looking around at those who were sitting around him in a circle, he said, "Behold,] my mother and my brothers!"
(7) Sougb (mnx, East Bird's Head, NT41006024)

| ...Ban | b-acgeij | naugb | en | eic | Yohanes | Gogun | Lusud | Se |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2sG | 2sG-request | for | 3SG | take | John | ? |  | people |
| at |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Duhu | en | mougt | dou | ban | dous. |  |  |  |
| water | 3SG head | to | 2SG | only |  |  |  |  |

Literally: "Ask that he takes the head of John the baptizer only."
"[And she went out and said to her mother, "What should I ask for?" And she said,] "The head of John the baptizer."

In the semantic literature it is often assumed that the bare-affirmative component (termed "prejacent" in the semantic literature) is a presupposition or is "hearerold" (Beaver \& Clark 2008: 250, note 2). Obviously, this does not hold in (6) and (7), where the statement without restriction is new and surprising information.

Restrictives are not particularly stable diachronically. If lost, as may occur in creole genesis, they can be supplied by condensed afterthought-sentences, such as Tok Pisin tasol (<that's all) or Bislama nomo (< no[t] more). Restrictives are universal, because there are sufficiently many salient contexts of use where restriction must be made explicit to be understood (such as those top-ranked in Table 2). Restrictives have neither obviously referentially motivated nor obviously logically motivated meanings. ${ }^{7}$ Together with the fact that restrictive constructions have at least two types of frequent natural paraphrases - bareaffirmative and negative-with-exception - in many, but far from all, of their uses, semanticists adhering to very different theoretical traditions (e.g. Wierzbicka 1986 and Beaver \& Clark 2008) have been enticed to believe that the meaning of 'only' is semantically decompositional (actually - what perhaps holds for all

[^3]
meanings - its meaning is a cluster of closely related meanings with Wittgensteinian family resemblance).

We may conclude that 'only' markers lend themselves very well to both quantitative and qualitative analysis in massively parallel texts. In almost all languages, at least some 'only' markers can be easily extracted in parallel texts by means of a collocation measure, because almost all languages have at least a highly or a moderately transparent sequential marker with sufficiently high text frequency. Markers in one or in a few languages may serve as "seeds" for harvesting markers in all other languages of the parallel text corpus. Automatic extraction can be started as soon as the distribution of one moderately salient member of the GEM 'only' is known (such as English only), but works even better with a diverse set of seeds (e.g., from a stratified sample). A fair guess is that the exceptionally high transparency of the GEM 'only' can be explained by a combination of three circumstances: (i) isolation from both verbal and nominal paradigms, which is why there is no strong cumulation with typical verbal grammatical categories (e.g., tense and aspect, person and number) or nominal grammatical categories (case, definiteness, number, possession), (ii) a sufficiently large number of occurrences so that one-word expressions or segmental affixes are likely to emerge, (iii) sufficiently low number of occurrences so that the expression does not easily become entirely nonsegmental. However, the GEM 'only' recurrently intersects with other GEMs, notably with 'one', with negation and with contrast ('but'), and this in different and in complex ways. For instance, some languages have different markers for 'only' in "only one" (and this set of languages is not the same as the one where 'only' and 'one' are expressed by the same or related markers).

There is a very large number of heterogeneous "light" contexts where 'only' markers can, but need not, occur; that is, contexts where 'only' markers compete with the bare-affirmative strategy. Even though 'only' markers may develop specific grammatical functions in particular languages (such as habitual or intensive), it is the large and highly heterogeneous set of "light" contexts that is the main reason why languages (but also styles within a language) differ very much in their frequency of 'only' markers. The fact that restrictives are universal on the level of language does not entail that there is a single context where the use of an 'only' marker is obligatory in all languages. The negative-withexception and the bare-affirmative strategies can never entirely be ruled out. In exclusion contexts, however, where the bare-affirmative strategy is odd, 'only' markers are most likely to win the competition in language production. Put differently, exclusion (rather than minimal quantity or attitude) is the most characteristic kind of context for 'only' markers cross-linguistically.


## 3. English PEM only vs. world-wide GEM 'only'

In Section 2, we have seen that starting with English only for the extraction of restrictives in other languages yields nearly as good results as using seeds from a world-wide stratified sample. However, this does not imply that English only is used in the same way as restrictives in all other languages.
In Figure 2 every dot is a NT verse with its position on the x -axis showing the frequency of English only across 32 translations of the NT and its position on the $y$-axis showing the frequency of manually selected 'only' search strings in the world-wide stratified sample of 121 . Hence, uses above the diagonal have more commonly a marker for 'only' in the world-wide sample - among other things contexts with English except (negation-with-exception contexts) indicated with blue symbols - and uses below the diagonal have more commonly only in English - among other things contexts with negated restriction 'not only' indicated with red snowflake symbols. Most verses are in the left bottom corner (have never only in English and very rarely a restrictive in the stratified sample). The figure shows that English only tends to have lower frequency than worldwide GEM 'only' on average (most verses are in the upper-left half of the diagram). English, and other European languages, including Koine Greek mon'only', tend to have low occurrences of 'only'.


Figure 2: Only in English and in the world-wide stratified sample
Each dot is a verse and the value stands for the ratio of translations with restrictives in the two samples.

Many languages often lack 'only' where English has not only as illustrated in (8) from Nalca.
(8) Nalca (nlc, Nuclear Trans-New Guinean, NT59001022): negated restriction context

| ...yuba kele-munu-kanya ono' unu-lu-lulum. |
| :--- |
| word hear-mED.2sG-after then do-IPFV-HORT.2PL |
| '...be doers of the message and not only hearers...', literally "having heard the |
| message, then do it" |

Table 3 summarizes a number of uses where world-wide GEM 'only' and parochial English only markedly differ in use, each illustrated with one characteristic example; for more examples, see Appendix C.

| Type | Verse | Text (English Lexham translation) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { WW } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ENG } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adj only | 42007012 | ...his mother's only son... | 38.0 | 93.8 |
| not only | 49001021 | ...not only in this age but also in the coming one, | 26.4 | 84.4 |
| if only | 40009021 | ... "If only I touch his cloak I will be healed." | 33.9 | 65.6 |
| Applies to predicate | 42008050 | ..."Do not be afraid! Only believe..." | 35.5 | 62.5 |
| except | 40011027 | ...no one knows the Son except the Father, and no one knows the Father except the Son... | 71.9 | 12.5 |
| alone | 42009036 | And after the voice had occurred, Jesus was found alone... | 57.9 | 9.4 |
| Numeral | 59002019 | You believe that God is [ONLY] one; ... | 52.9 | 6.3 |
| "Light" | 42006032 | "And if you [ONLY] love those who love you... | 69.4 | 12.5 |

Table 3: Differences in use between English PEM only and world-wide GEM 'only'
Much of the semantic literature on restrictives only considers English only (or other European languages). The question thus arises as to whether uses with the overrepresented PEM only have been attributed undue priority. Interestingly, this is actually not the case. Things are more complex. Average semanticists treating only do not just have English only in mind, they also suffer from the obsession that only is first of all a focus particle, as a consequence of which adjectival and clausal uses tend to be disregarded or at least neglected. Rather, Table 3 suggests that these uses - even though rather peripheral in a global context - should not be disregarded. They play a role for restrictives in a minority of the world's languages, but are still cross-linguistically highly recurrent uses, put differently, they are all members of the 'only' family of meanings.
Interestingly, the numeral use (only one), and with it other scalar uses where only is associated with a minimal quantity, is treated extensively in the semantic literature. Our results suggest that this is a rather peripheral use of English only, since English and other European languages often use the bare-affirmative

strategy here. English only with small quantities seems to be salient to semanticists, whereas they tend to fail to be attentive to similar English uses where only is lacking. Here we meet with a very important advantage of the massively parallel corpus-linguistic approach: attentiveness to the covert part of the relevant domain (because overt in some other languages). English and Standard Average European in general - at least formal written styles and registers - have a very low incidence of restrictives in a global perspective. ${ }^{8}$ Hence, looking at restrictives in English is a bit like studying grammatical gender in Finnish. Picking instead a random Pacific language might be a more favorable choice.

If we now come to the two most negative consequences of an exclusively Anglocentric perspective, these are the two following, formulated here in the form of postulates: (i) restrictives should be considered together with 'alone', which entails the consideration of secondary predication (here, this paper is limited, the interplay of 'alone' and restrictives must be reserved to a further study), (ii) more attention must be paid to the bare-affirmative and the negative-with-exception strategies; put differently, the domain is much broader than uses where English only and equivalents in European languages typically occur.
Point (ii) is illustrated here by contrasting two probabilistic semantic maps, both based on data from 28 European languages (and hence both Eurocentric). In the first one ("ENG"), 101 NT-contexts with a high frequency of PEM English only were considered. In the second one ("ENG\&WW"), 115 further contexts where restrictives rank highly in the stratified world-wide sample were added. There are two senses in which probabilistic semantic maps can be biased:
a. choice of languages considered, and in this respect both maps are equally biased to Europe;
b. choice of contexts sampled, and in this respect "ENG" is entirely biased toward English, whereas "ENG\&WW" better reflects world-wide diversity.
Figure 3 plots the two first dimensions of the probabilistic semantic maps (see Wälchli \& Cysouw 2012; van der Klis \& Tellings 2021) produced with Hamming distance as a dissimilarity distance measure and visualization with Principal Coordinates Analysis (also called Classical Multidimensional Scaling; see Appendix D), displaying French (top) and Latin categories (bottom) (left hand side "WW\&ENG", right hand side: "ENG"; see Appendix E for languages and

[^4]
verses sampled). What I want to emphasize here is the entirely different way in how the two first dimensions sort the domain. In the globally-informed "WW\&ENG"-map, Dimension 1 (x-axis) shows the distinction between bareaffirmative uses on the positive pole on the $x$-axis ("ZERO" in French and Latin) and overt restrictives (negative pole on the x -axis) whereas Dimension 2 sets off negative-with-exception (positive pole of the $y$-axis).


Figure 3: Probabilistic semantic maps with WW\&ENG-grid (left) and ENG-grid (right)
The Anglocentric map ("ENG"), however, displays two entirely different first dimensions because most of the bare-affirmative and negative-with-exception contexts are just missing in the input data. Here we get a horseshoe distribution with 'one and only (child)' (top right) then 'unique' then 'alone' (bottom middle) and then the more adverbial contexts (French seulement) on the left hand side.

The most important finding of this section is that the bare-affirmative and the negative-with-exception contexts are crucial for the understanding of the semantic domain of 'only', even if they are easily missed when only PEM English only is considered.

## 4. 'Only' and discourse

Various authors have emphasized the role that discourse plays for understanding how 'only' markers are used. According to Beaver \& Clark (2008: 248), "the primary function of exclusives \{=restrictives, BW\} is to mediate the flow of discourse". Here I will first introduce Beaver \& Clark's (2008, ch. 10) basic idea, next argue why it seems mistaken from a cross-linguistic perspective and then propose an alternative.
According to Beaver \& Clark (2008: 249, 251) "exclusives \{=restrictives, BW\} challenge an overly strong expectation" and "make a comment which weakens a salient or natural expectation." They have in mind examples such as (9)
(9) London police expected a turnout of 100,000 but only 15,000 showed up (web example; Beaver \& Clark 2008: 252)
and claim that the function of 'only' markers is mirative, a category type proposed by DeLancey (1997), who defines it as "grammatical marking of unexpected information." However, Beaver \& Clark's (2008) proposal cannot be brought in accordance with our findings in §3. Smaller amounts than expected are not among the most characteristic uses of 'only' markers, since - in these kind of contexts - only is entirely redundant and can be missing as in (10), in contrast to characteristic exclusion contexts where 'only' markers prevail in languages of all families.

## (10) He said 1 Million were coming and 10,000 showed up (web example)

Put differently, unexpectedness of low amount can be inferred efficiently even if no restrictive marker is present. Beaver \& Clark (2008) miss that in a very large number of uses, restrictive marking and bare-affirmative constructions without any marker are each other's natural paraphrases.
We can learn from this that a discourse approach to restrictives has to take into account absence of alternatives not only if expressed with a restrictive such as only, but also if expressed contextually. Put differently, more often than not, absence of alternatives is not in need of overt marking, but derives from the context. In many of their uses, 'only' markers are what Sperber \& Wilson (1995: 11) call explicatures in relevance theory. Unlike implicatures (also not expressed), explicatures are explicitly communicated, but by the context. ${ }^{9}$ In

[^5]
(10), the absence of a larger alternative is explicitly communicated by the context even if there is no restrictive marker. An empirical method to identify contextually expressed absence of alternatives is to use parallel texts and to look for restrictive markers in other languages in equivalent contexts.

It is traditionally pointed out in the literature that only presupposes sets of alternatives (see, e.g., Beaver \& Clark 2008: 30). However, in discourse often just one of the excluded alternatives is explicit. In (10), the denied explicit contextual alternative is 1 Million, in (9) 100,000. Restriction applies to sets ${ }^{10}$ which are rarely exhaustively listed, but it is the contextual alternatives that are discourse-prominent. Denial of an alternative plus restriction makes restrictives look very similar to coordination, in particular contrast (but), which, according to Umbach (2005: 216), has a "confirm+denial requirement" (parallel to the affirmative and negative components of 'only'). Thus, restriction is similar to discourse relations between subsequent clauses, such as contrast, as, for instance, treated in Rhetorical Structure Theory (Mann \& Thompson 1988). However, restriction is largely independent from linear syntax unlike contrast; restriction can be long distance, which attributes to it an anaphoric, rather than a connective, character, as shown in (11) in one of the most salient 'only' contexts in the NT (the contextual alternative is double-underlined).
(11) English (eng, Indo-European, NT40004008-10)

Again the devil took him to a very high mountain and showed him all the kingdoms of the world and their glory, and he said to him, "II will give to you all these things, if you will fall down and worship $\underline{\underline{m e} . " ~ T h e n ~ J e s u s ~ s a i d ~ t o ~ h i m, ~ " G o ~ a w a y, ~ S a t a n, ~}$ for it is written, 'You shall worship the Lord your God and serve only him.'"
In (11), the contextual alternative is the devil (also anaphorically picked up by various pronouns). The interpretation of an earlier mentioned referent as an excluded alternative obviously strongly contributes to discourse coherence. Absence of alternatives, with some or several absent alternatives explicitly mentioned in the context, whether marked overtly with a restrictive or covert, thus plays an important role in discourse coherence.

Alternatives can be ordered on a scale and restriction can then be viewed of as splitting a scale into two parts. This predestines words expressing minimal quantities, such as 'one', 'few' or 'small', for collocation with restrictives. In many Pacific languages, restrictive markers are endemic in such words. In Nalca, for instance, 'one' is often expressed by hnon-ok 'one-only' and restrictive marking is then easily doubled, as in (12).

[^6]
(12) Nalca (nlc; Nuclear Trans New Guinea, NT46012020)

| Anasa yana soruk ara gong u-lu-la-bok, | nong ara |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| like.this foot/leg hand/arm TOP many be-IPFV-PRS.3sG-but | body TOP |  |
| hnon-ok ok $\quad$ u-lum-la. |  |  |
| one-only only be-IPFV-PRS.3SG |  |  |
| 'But now there are many members, but one body'. |  |  |

In (12) we have to do with two restrictions. The first one in hnon-ok 'one-only' conventionally sets off 'one' from higher numbers, the second one contextually sets off the entire body from the distinct members of the body. Both restrictions interact with contrast, expressed by -bok 'but'.
Contrast and restriction are sometimes equivalent in complex ways, as illustrated with (13) from Mapudungun and its English equivalent.
(13) Mapudungun (arn, Araucanian, NT40008004; 'only' marker in 29 of 121 languages world-wide)
Feypi-a-eyu, iney no rume feypi-la-ya-fi-mi tüfa-chi dungu. say-FUT-1SG>2sG who NEG even say-NEG-FUT-DIR-2SG this-ATTR matter Amu-nge, pe-w-faluw-me-nge tati saserdote mew müten, go-IMP.2sG see-REFL-SIMUL-ANDAT-IMP.2sG DEF priest OBL only
ka...
and...
'I tell you, don't tell anyone about this matter, but go, show yourself to the priest...'
Here, 'the priest' constitutes the restricted referent. Since 'the priest' is the focus of the second clause, contrast (in English) and restriction (Mapudungun) achieve very much the same thing here, but in different ways.

However, in some languages, such as Navajo, illustrated in (14), restrictives may also be associated with what appears to be a contrastive topic.
(14) Navajo (nav, Athabaskan-Eyak-Tlingit, NT40024035)


Note that what is counterexpectative in (14) is not so much the restriction, but the ranking of referents on a scale of time stability. 'Heaven and earth' are naively conceived of as time stable and words spoken by a person are not. So what helps to have a contrastive topic marked with 'only' here is that its position on the scale subject to restriction may come as a surprise.

A very close relationship to coordination occurs for negated restriction: 'not only' is typically followed by 'but also', and coordination with two affirmative conjuncts is sometimes a natural paraphrase. The association with negation is so strong that negation marking in these constructions usually follows the Ross constraint on coordination (Ross 1967: 161), which - paraphrased to a version without transformational movement - says that elements applying to only one conjunct must be located within that conjunct. This means for 'not only' that negation must be constituent negation rather than predicate negation if the predicate is not repeated. The requirement is illustrated with two different constructions in translations into two different Quechuan languages of the same example.
(15) Imbabura Quechua (qvi) and Huallaga Quechua (qub) (Quechuan,

NT58012026)


Quechua has a bracketing negation construction (ma)na(mi)...-chu, which with the restrictive suffix -lla combines to (ma)na(mi)...-lla...-chu 'not only' (boldface in (15)). Conjuncts are indicated with brackets. In the Imbabura Quechua (qvi) example, where the verb is repeated and hence located within each conjunct separately, the suffix -chu can be suffixed to the verb. In the Huallaga Quechua (qub) example, however, the conjuncts only comprise the two object arguments marked with the case suffix -ta, respectively, but the verb is shared. Negation, which only applies to the first conjunct, cannot be marked on the shared verb, which is why negation must be constituent negation (-chu is suffixed to the noun phrase).
The effect is visible especially in languages with morphological standard negation. Languages with morphological standard negation using different constituent negation constructions for 'not only' include Tuvinian čülge...eves [only...not], Mapudungun müten no [only not] and Nalca ok gom [only not].

We have seen in this section that absence of alternatives - which can be overtly marked with restrictives, but can also be covert - often has implications far beyond the clause to which it applies. Restrictives (overt markers of absence of alternatives) tightly interact with coordination and, like connectives, they contribute to discourse cohesion. However, given the potential of restrictives to contrastively pick up elements elsewhere in discourse as contextual alternatives to restricted referents, restriction is syntactically more flexible than connectives,

which are subject to linear ordering constraints. In contrast constructions, confirm and denial components are conjuncts and follow each other in immediate sequence. Restriction picks up elements to be denied (or, in negated restriction 'not only', not to be denied), which may contribute to long distance text coherence effects. Despite different mechanisms, restriction and contrast often do the same or largely the same job. An interesting question for typology - not addressed here - is therefore whether there might be any tradeoff effects, especially given that - as we will see in $\S 5$ - restrictives abound in languages of South America and some languages of South America have been claimed to lack coordination (see, for instance, Everett 2012: 560).

## 5. Usage patterns in the world-wide distribution

This section delves into the question of how 'only' markers differ in languages of different macro-areas. The section is programmatic and the results are provisional.
Restrictives do not seem to be particularly stable lexically. As closely related languages as Swedish (bara) and Danish (kun) have entirely different markers, and markers are highly variable throughout families such as Indo-European and Uralic. Whether restrictive affixes are more stable genealogically should be investigated (most Quechuan languages have -lla 'only', but Quechuan is not particularly diverse genealogically). However, I will argue in this section that usage types of restrictives as well as some formal properties that derive from usage and frequency, such as affix vs. free form and double vs. single exponence, are very promising objects of study for areal typology.
A first very rough approximation is to compare the automatically counted frequencies for the manually determined search strings (for the values, see Appendix A: $f$ verses) in the stratified sample per area, as displayed in Figure 4. Frequency is shown as the logarithm of frequency per verse. Counting 'only' markers per verse rather than tokens across the whole text mitigates the effect of verbose translations (de Vries 2007). When considering hemispheres, Africa+Eurasia (Afro-Eurasia) is opposed to Oceania and the Americas (Pacific hemisphere), whereas Southeast Asia ("Eurasia-SE") is left out because it is an intermediate zone between the hemispheres. The difference between hemispheres is highly significant in a Mann-Whitney test ( $p=5.617 \mathrm{e}-10$ ), also called two-sample Wilcoxon test (R: wilcox.test() ), a nonparametric test for comparing differences between two independent sets of observations.



Figure 4: Roughly estimated frequency of 'only' markers per area
However, the result is provisional despite significance. High values have not been manually verified for homonymy. In §2 we encountered the case of latmul mina 'only' that also is min-a [2sG.m-GEN] 'your'.
When looking at overall frequency, we cannot distinguish between particular functions and cannot determine with certainty that languages actually use the markers in the same ways. Hence, the question arises as to whether different Pacific languages use restrictives in the same ways (as opposed to AfroEurasian languages). A profitable strategy is to look for specific types of uses where languages of different areas seem to differ in use. Light uses where many Afro-Eurasian languages use the bare-affirmative strategy might be such a domain; however, as we have seen in $\S 3$, light uses are quite heterogeneous, which is why a more coherent smaller usage type is chosen here: immediate succession ('immediately') as illustrated in examples (16-19) below.
Immediate succession of a following event can be expressed in many different ways; for instance, with speed adverbs ('quickly', (16)) or other temporal adverbs ('now') or by tail-head linkage ('X; after X-ing, Y', (19)). The rationale behind adding an 'only' expression seems to be the idea of a minimal amount of time between the two subsequent events and hereby denial (explicit restriction) of any not reported intervening events. Restrictives with 'only' occur in a number of lowland and insular languages of New Guinea (such as Kuot in (16)) and are even found in Tok Pisin, the creole language of Papua New Guinea (wantu tasol "one-two only" in (17)).
(16) Kuot (kto, Isolate, 41010052)

(17) Tok Pisin (tpi, English-based Creole, 41010052)
Na wantu tasol ai bilong en i orait na em i lukluk...
and "one-two" only eye POSS 3SG 3SG OK and 3SG 3SG see
'... And immediately he regained his sight...'

However, Tok Pisin cannot be the source for the areal distribution since similar uses are also found in some languages of the Indonesian part of the island, as in Momuna (18). Example (18) also illustrates that idiomatic expressions can occur. Momuna eekee mostly means 'sun' (and not 'day' or 'time'), which suggests that eekee tee soonoo ("sun at only"='immediately') is idiomatic.
(18) Momuna (mqf, Isolate, 41010052)
...Otù nooe mee to ne nee mee eekee tee soonoo mo otù ne eye bad like man TOP DEM sun at only 3sG eye TOP
kuro sa-b-oo...
good become-PFV-3sG
'...And immediately he regained his sight...'
Many languages of the Americas also have 'only' markers for 'immediately'. Example (19) from Chimané shows that there may also be other expressions for 'immediately' present in the construction, here me'-ĉan-dye [thus-in-self] 'immediately', but more commonly in Chimané there is just a nominalization of the preceding verb.
(19) Chimané (cas, Mosetén-Chimané, 40020034)
...chat mu' qui toco'-jeyac-se-bi vej mu'-in.
then 3 m so.that touch-do-TRANS.EV-APPL eye 3M-PL
$\begin{array}{clll}\text {...Toco'-ye-dye'-ĉan } & \text { mọmo', me'-ĉan-dye } & \text { naij-bun } & \text { in... } \\ \text { touch-do-NMLZ-in } & \text { only } & \text { thus-in-self(=immediately) } & \text { see-again }\end{array}$
'...[Jesus] touched their eyes, and immediately they received their sight...' literally;
"...touched. Just at the touching Y..."
The occurrence of 'only' markers in immediate sequence can be extracted from the NT corpus with very little requirement of manual processing with a certain insecurity whether the marker counted actually is 'only' in all the languages considered. The following quasi-recursive procedure is applied:
a. roughly approximate the distribution of immediate sequence with English immediately (Lexham translation of the NT; 85 tokens in 83 verses);

b. in that set of verses count the number of 'only' markers (manually determined strings) in the stratified sample;
c. select languages above a threshold in the stratified sample (at least 14; Momuna has 14), which results in a set of 28 languages, all Pacific;
d. rank all NT verses according to how well they fit to this distribution in descending order (both restrictives lacking in exactly these languages and restrictives present in all other languages of the sample are penalty points);
e. with least penalty points we now find the most diagnostic verses for 'immediately', in company with similar verses containing English synonymous expressions such as at that same time or from that hour which we missed in step (i). Now take 17 of the 20 top ranking examples (penalty 8 to 12), discarding three verses not reflecting the intended semantic domain;
f. repeat c. with that set which now results in a more accurate set of languages reflecting the domain (23 of the 121 sample languages);
g. repeat d. and e. with that set and keep all 20 of the top examples (see Appendix F), all containing contexts with the intended semantics (penalty 3 to 10);
h. now extend the search space to all 1629 translations and 1243 languages where we have at least one automatically extracted candidate for an 'only' marker, take only the best scoring automatically detected string for 'only' (word-form or letter sequence within a word), count how often it occurs in the 20 verses in the set in g . and plot the result on a map: this is Map 1. Translations with more than 6 tokens are listed in Appendix F (Tok Pisin is not included since it has only 6 tokens).

As expected, Map 1 largely reflects strong areal patterning. Redness symbolizes the frequency of 'only' as detected in the immediate sequence domain (and triangles are affixes and stems rather than word-forms for 'only'). Note especially the lack of 'only' in Europe and Central Eurasia (many European languages are represented with several translations in the corpus and the one with the highest value is always plotted). The automatic search procedure suggests that there are some few candidates in Africa, in the Philippines and in South East Asia (all these markers should be checked manually with dictionaries and grammars where available). As is very often the case with respect to linguistic features, Africa turns out to be more diverse than Europe and Central Eurasia. Just to mention one example, Kabyle imiren kan 'immediately' is an interesting outlier (kan 'only' does not have a particularly high frequency, however). However, there are few African languages with 'only' in immediate sequence possibly

detected as opposed to many languages in New Guinea, Mesoamerica and Andean South America.


Map 1: Restrictives in immediate sequence (frequency visualized by degree of redness)*
*The maps are produced with the WALS Interactive Reference tool by H.-J. Bibiko
The method applied has a limited coverage in the Pacific region. Many Pacific languages have double exponence of 'only' and often, in contexts such as immediate sequence, only one of the two markers occurs (e.g. Sulka gi ... tuk, both gi and tuk meaning 'only'; tuk happens to be top-ranking for 'only', so gi hi to 'immediately' is missed, the same holds for Cherokee <gila-qo>/khila=kwu/ [just.now=only] 'immediately').
Now how can it be that the distribution of uses of restrictives reflects a macroareal distribution whose origin is likely to go back to precolonial times if 'only' markers are rather unstable diachronically within language families? It seems to me that the most probable explanation is that the usage difference, which can be captured in NT translations, derives from very old differences in discourse (parole) rather than grammatical systems (langue). Interestingly, these properties of spoken discourse percolate to written Bible translations (for the relationship between Bible translations and primary orality, see de Vries 2000) and to Creole languages, such as Tok Pisin, spoken by the same speech communities as second languages. It is well-known from ethnography of speaking (Hymes 1964 ${ }^{11}$, Sherzer 1983) that different speech communities do not only use different languages, but also have different ways of speaking or different "ways of saying things" (Schapper \& de Vries 2018: 482). Languages

[^7]
spoken in certain areas do not only have significant overrepresentations of certain grammatical structures (Nichols 1992), but can also have preferred discourse strategies. Languages in New Guinea, for instance, are well-known for their stacking of topicalization and for their abundant use of quotations also beyond quotation proper (de Vries 2006, Heeschen 1994, Himmelmann \& Riesberg forthc.), both features percolating to Bible translations as well (for topicalization, see Wälchli 2022). It is hence reasonable to assume that the explanation for the patterns found here is that Pacific and Afro-Eurasian language populations must have differed in their ways of using restrictives in discourse already for a very long time.
Moreover, there is reason to believe that there are not only functional, but also formal differences in restrictives across language populations of different areas (the latter ultimately caused by the former). Even though it is problematic to strictly delimit free from bound markers (Haspelmath 2011), sheer orthography suggests that bound restrictives are more common in Pacific than in AfroEurasian languages (see Map 1 where triangles stand for bound markers). There seems to be some correlation between marker frequency and boundness. The recurrent occurrence of double exponence of 'only' marking in many Pacific languages - often with one restrictive preceding and another one following a restricted noun phrase - might be another case in point. Map 2 shows a nearly automatically obtained map approximating frequency of such kinds of double marking. The algorithm for it consists of the following steps:
a. Take all topmost extracted marker sequences in Slots 1 and 2 from the extraction of restrictives, e.g. from Hmong Daw \{[xwb]1 [tsuas]2 [tib]3 \} (see Table 1) take the word-form strings $\mathrm{x} 1=$ " xwb " and $\mathrm{x} 2="$ tsuas " and for Lowland Tarahumara \{[pe]1 [>cho\#<]2 [bi'lepi]3 \} take $\mathrm{x} 1=$ " pe " and $\mathrm{x} 2=$ "cho ".
b. Count the number of occurrences of the regular expressions $x 1+" \mid S^{* "+x 2}$ and $\times 2+" \mid S^{* "+x 1}$ (both of them, since the algorithm does not know anything about the word or morpheme order of the two markers) in the 501 verses of the 'only' domain that has been used to extract restrictives, however, after disregarding verses where English alone is common, since there is reason to assume that words for 'alone' and 'only' occasionally combine in many languages. This targets such strings as Mapudungun re tapül müten [pure leaf only] 'only leaves' and Lowland Tarahumara pe sawá-la-cho [only leaf-poss-only] 'only leaves' (both NT40021019). Also add cases where there are two or three words in-between (regular expressions $\times 1+$ " $\mid S^{*}$ $S^{* "+x 2}$ and $x 1+" \mid S^{*} \backslash S^{*} \backslash S^{* "+x 2}$ ). Pick the higher of the two values measured (the one that happens to have the right word or morpheme order). The result is shown in Map 2.



Map 2: Frequency of bracketing double restrictive constructions visualized by degree of redness (with 'alone' filtered out; automatic measurement)

Map 2 shows a distribution similar to, but also slightly different from, Map 1. Double exponence of restrictives is, for instance, very common in Indonesian languages (e.g., Indonesian hanya Bapa saja 'only the Father') and in Eurasia it appears quite often in some Easternmost Turkic languages (e.g., Kazakh tek meni ğana 'only me'), but very rarely in geographically Western Turkic languages.
In many Pacific languages, 'only' is also often accompanied by some sort of intensifier, such as Hopi pas $X=$ sa [INTENS $X=o n l y$ ] and these are not captured by the algorithm. Hopi pas is one of Whorf's (1939: 83) "tensors", "...a special part of speech [...] a huge class of words, denotes only intensity, tendency, duration, and sequence", which play an important role in Whorf's argument on why Hopi is so different from Standard Average European. Further research will also have to take such intensifiers or "tensors" into account.
We have to interrupt here at a point where we have just started investigating the areal differences in the use of restrictives. There is, however, an important takeaway message already. World-wide corpus-based typology has some potential to reveal macro-areal differences in the function and form of 'only' expressions that might reflect ancient differences in discourse across language populations. The most important function of corpus-based typology here is heuristic. Using quantitative methodology first yields a wealth of data that can be further analyzed qualitatively with the potential of providing both positive and negative evidence for areal distribution patterns. The qualitative results may then also serve for the evaluation of the quantitative procedures so that these can be further refined. The findings may also be a starting point to look further at languages not represented in the corpus. Bugaeva et al. (2022) have recently

posed the question whether Ainu should be considered a "Pacific Rim" language. The Ainu Bible translation is not digitized yet, but a quick look at it reveals that double restrictive marking is quite common in Ainu: ouse ham patek 'only leaves' (NT40021019) (Ainu, however, does not seem to use 'only' in immediate sequence).

## 6. Conclusions

This paper has addressed restrictives ('only' markers) by using a world-wide parallel text corpus, thus pursuing both a massively cross-linguistic and an entirely usage-oriented approach. Quantitative tools have been indispensable to identify major trends in a large body of fuzzy data, but qualitative methodology has been equally indispensable to verify the validity of the results obtained. As far as theory is concerned, massively cross-linguistic and corpus-linguistic approaches set high standards for a universal applicability of the notions deployed. Such a very general notion of broad applicability introduced here is "generally expressed meaning" (GEM). GEMs are meanings which correspond to clusters of forms in the world's languages. GEMs are modelled as sets of language-specific markers instantiating a category type with cross-linguistically highly similar, but not identical, uses and by a set of language-independent usage contexts that can be expected to be expressed by markers instantiating the GEM with highly different degrees of probability.
Obviously, many important questions in linguistics require a global perspective: how common a category type is and how a parochial, language-specific, instantiation of it relates to the more general picture. This is illustrated here by comparing the GEM 'only' to the parochially expressed meaning (PEM) of English only.

It has been further shown that corpus linguistics may be an important tool for areal typology (the investigation of macro-areal patterns across languages). Grammar is organized in terms of systems, we know that systems are inherited within language families and there is a bewildering number of language families that cannot be easily further reduced in historical linguistics. Thus, macro-areal, especially hemispheric patterns, in areal typology are a puzzle. However, our results suggest that at least some of these patterns are due to parole (discourse) and that it is not system continuity in language families that is at issue, but rather different ways of speaking, which quite amazingly even trickle down to written Bible translations. Corpus-based typology may help us understand not only how language structure emerges from language use but also how it continues to interact with language use in special ways.


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First of all I would like to say that this work is only possible because so many people have devoted a lot of time to translate the New Testament into very many different languages of the world. I would also like to thank two anonymous reviewers, Östen Dahl, Francesca Dell'Oro, Lourens de Vries, Martin Haspelmath, Nikolaus Himmelmann and Bruno Olsson for very many very useful comments.

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## Abbreviations in interlinear glosses

1 first person; 2 second person; 3 third person; ANDAT andative; ANIM animate; APPL applicative; ATTR attributive; CAUS causative; CIRC circumfix; COMP marker of standard of comparison; DAT dative; DEF definite; DEM demonstrative; DIR direct; EV evidential; FOC focus; FUT future tense; GEN genitive; HORT hortative; HUM human; IMP imperative; INAL inalienable; IND indicative; IPFV imperfective; M masculine; MED medial (not sentence final) verb form; NEG negation; NMLZ nominalization; OBJ object; OBL oblique; PFV perfective; PL plural; POSS possessive; PROH prohibitive; PRS present tense; PST past tense; REFL reflexive; REL marker of relative clause; SG singular; SIMUL simulation; TOP topic marker/selective; TRANS transitive

## Appendix A: 121 language sample, manually determined strings and automatic extraction with world-wide seeds and with English seeds

| Translation | Language | Family | Manually <br> determined <br> search <br> strings | f verses | WW seeds Max 35 / 501 <br> verses $t=4.6$ | Eng seeds <br> Max 2 / 508 verses $t=4.6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| naq | Nama <br> (Namibia) | Khoe-Kwadi | Iguisa\| Iguiba| Iguina | 139 | [>\#\|gui<]1 | [>\#\|gui<]1 |
| ach | Acoli | Nilotic | keken | 256 | [keken\|kene]1 | [keken]1 [kono]2 |
| amf | Hamer- <br> Banna | South Omotic | bish | 298 | [bish\|>bish<]1 <br> [dayma]2 [ab]3 | [bish\|ab]1 |
| dje | Zarma | Songhay | hinne | 146 | [hinne]1 [kala]2 | [hinne]1 [kala]2 [day]3 |
| dts | Toro So <br> Dogon | Dogon | sai | 267 | [sai]1 | [sai]1 |
| gbo | Northern Grebo | Kru | sosǒ | 176 | [sosǒ\|غ̀]1 | [sosǒ\|غ̀] 1 |
| gmv- <br> latin | Gamo | Ta-Ne-Omotic | xalala\| xalla | 199 | [xalala\|xalla]1 | [xalala\|xalla]1 |
| guk- <br> latin | Northern Gumuz | Gumuz | ' aśə \| kaśə | 754 | ['aśə\|kaśə]1 [mädanə]2 | ['aśə\|kaśə]1 |
| mor | Moro | Heibanic | ikərəŋ | 80 | [ikərəŋ\|illi]1 [gunto]2 | [ikərəŋ\|illi]1 |
| mur | Murle | Surmic | doon | 444 | [doon\|nっko]1 <br> [țor\|olla]2 | [doon]1 [olla]2 |
| neb | Toura (Côte d'Ivoire) | Mande | lengdo | 199 | [lengdo]1 | [lengdo]1 |
| sba | Ngambay | Central <br> Sudanic | ba | 465 | [ba]1 | [ba]1 |
| som | Somali | Afro-Asiatic | keli | 212 | [keliya]1 <br> [maahee\|mooyaane $\mathrm{l} 2$ | [keliya]1 <br> [maahee\|mooyaane] <br> 2 |
| udu | Uduk | Koman | jasi | 182 | [jasi]1 [te]2 | [jasi]1 [te]2 |
| wol | Wolof | Atlantic-Congo | rekk | 223 | [rekk]1 [dul]2 | [rekk\|dul]1 |
| eus- <br> batua | Basque | (Isolate) | bakarrik | 115 | [bakarrik\|bakarra|ez ik]1 [besterik]2 | [bakarrik\|ezik]1 <br> [besterik]2 |
| hin- <br> latin | Hindi | Indo-European | keval | 108 | [keval\|chhod]1 [hee]2 | [keval\|chhod]1 |
| kat- <br> revise <br> d | Georgian | Kartvelian | дऽウృை | 56 |  ১ঙ@s]1 |  (щ@s]1 |

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Trans- } \\
\text { lation }\end{array} & \text { Language } & \text { Family } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Manually } \\
\text { determined } \\
\text { search } \\
\text { strings }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { f } \\
\text { verses }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Ww seeds } \\
\text { Max 35 / 501 } \\
\text { verses }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Eng seeds } \\
\text { Max 2 / 508 verses } \\
\text { t=4.6 }\end{array}
$$ <br>

t=4.6\end{array}\right]\)| tab |
| :--- |
| n |



| Translation | Language | Family | Manually determined search strings | f <br> verses | WW seeds <br> Max 35 / 501 <br> verses <br> $\mathrm{t}=4.6$ | Eng seeds <br> Max 2 / 508 verses $\mathrm{t}=4.6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ape | Bukiyip | Nuclear <br> Torricelli | atil atul ot | 2918 | [atin]1 <br> [atunu\|atich]2 <br> [meyoh]3 | [meyoh]1 <br> [atunu\|atich]2 |
| big | Biangai | Goilalan | keke | 275 | [keke\|yeik]1 [wamenak|>\#wame nak<]2 | [keke\|yeik]1 |
| bon | Bine | Eastern TransFly | taatu | 526 | [taatu]1 | [taatu] 1 |
| bvz | Bauzi | Geelvink Bay | ta | 1601 | [gi]1 | [gi]1 |
| byx | Qaqet | Baining | naik | 272 | [naik\|ngerek]1 [qatikka]2 [katikka]3 [quanaska]4 | [naik]1 [qatikka]2 |
| dgz | Daga | Dagan | genat | 380 | [megenat\|mugenat] <br> 1 | [megenat\|mugenat]1 |
| ian | latmul | Ndu | mina | 826 | [mina]1 | [mina]1 |
| khs | Kasua | Bosavi | semetei | 1448 | [semetei]1 |  |
| kpx | Mountain Koiali | Koiarian | unaha | 477 | [unahaligae]1 <br> [igaeu]2 | [unaha] 1 |
| kto | Kuot | (Isolate) | it \| namurit | talamet | iriet | 857 | [it] 1 [talamet]2 [iriet]3 | [it] 1 [iriet]2 [talamet]3 |
| kxw | Konai | East Strickland | nou | 3488 | [>nou\#\#<]1 | [>nou\#\#<]1 |
| mnx | Sougb | East Bird's <br> Head | dous | 1812 | [dous\|dousero]1 | [dous\|dousero]1 |
| mqf | Momuna | Somahai | soonoo | 1264 | [soonoo]1 <br> [soonooke]2 | [soonoo]1 |
| msy | Aruamu | Lower Sepik- <br> Ramu | ra \|ram |rama | 4477 | [>ra\#<]1 | [>ra\#<]1 |
| nas | Naasioi | South <br> Bougainville | narung\| naing| nanung | 818 | [naing\|masikung]1 <br> [>maing<]2 | [deeko']1 [naing]2 |
| nlc | Nalca | Nuclear Trans <br> New Guinea | ok \| hnonok | <br> nok | 1065 | [ok]1 [hnonok]2 | [ok]1 |
| ppo | Folopa | Teberan | maaté | 353 | [>aat<]1 [betą]2 | [>aat<]1 |
| roo | Rotokas | North <br> Bougainville | raga | 3586 | [raga]1 [kataitoa]2 | [raga]1 [kataitoa]2 |
| sua | Sulka | (Isolate) | tuk | 302 | [tuk]1 | [tuk]1 |
| tlb | Tobelo | North <br> Halmahera | dika | 455 | [duga-duga]1 <br> [dika]2 | [duga-duga]1 [dika]2 |
| xla | Kamula | Kamula- <br> Elevala | hatlo | 372 | [isikimi] 1 hatlo]2 $[\text { tloc } 3$ | [isikimi]1 [hatlo]2 [tlo]3 |


| Translation | Language | Family | Manually <br> determined <br> search <br> strings | f verses | WW seeds <br> Max 35 / 501 <br> verses $t=4.6$ | Eng seeds <br> Max 2 / 508 verses $t=4.6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| yuj | KarkarYuri | Pauwasi | saráp | 573 | [saráp]1 [mwar]2 | [saráp]1 [mwar]2 |
| yva | Yawa | Yawa-Saweru | obo \| bo | 455 | [obo\|bo]1 | [obo\|bo]1 [mamo]2 [ma]3 |
| ata | Pele-Ata | (Isolate) | si | 4796 | [>usi\#<]1 <br> [>esi<1>asi\#<]2 <br> [>isi\#<]3 | [>isi\#<]1 |
| faa | Fasu | (Isolate) | hákasa | 263 | [hákasa]1 | [hákasa]1 |
| knv-fly | Tabo | (Isolate) | kapiyate \| kapiyat | 163 | [kapiya]1 <br> [äkätuwä]2 <br> [kapiyate]3 | [kapiya]1 <br> [äkätuwä\|kapiyate]2 |
| wiu | Wiru | (Isolate) | odene | 454 | [odene]1 [>- <br> kama\#<]2 | [odene\|pa]1 |
| yle | Yele | (Isolate) | mo | 244 | [ngmidi]1 <br> [mo\|nuw:o]2 | [mod1 |
| yrb | Yareba | Yareban | torowa | 545 | [torowa]1 | [torowa]1 |
| bvr | Burarra | Maningrida | wupa | 840 | [wupa]1 <br> [ngardapa]2 [anngardapiya]3 | [wupa]1 <br> [ngardapa\|anngardapiya]2 |
| nuy | Wubuy | Gunwinyguan | -bugij\|-wugij | 1165 | [>ugij<]1 | [>-bugij<]1 |
| wim | Wik- <br> Mungkan | Pama- <br> Nyungan | thonakam | 354 | [thonakam] 1 | [thonakam]1 |
| esi | North <br> Alaskan <br> Inupiatun | Eskimo-Aleut | kisi | 175 | [>iñña<\|kisimi]1 | [>iñña<\|kisimi]1 |
| nav | Navajo | Athabaskan-Eyak-Tlingit | t'éiyá \| t'éí | 440 | [t'éiyá\|t'éí] 1 | [t'éiyá\|t'éí|t'óó]1 |
| chr | Cherokee | Iroquoian | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { uwasv\| unvsv\| } \\ \text { aqvsv\| cvsv\| } \\ \text { igvsv\| ogvsv\| } \\ \text { icvsv\| oginvsv\| } \\ \text { isdvsv\| owasv } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 654 | [uwasv\|gesv]1 | [uwasv]1 |
| mic | Mi'kmaq | Algic | pas'g | 693 | [pas'g]1 | [pas'g]1 |
| chd | Highland <br> Oaxaca <br> Chontal | Tequistlatecan | le'a | 588 | [le'a]1 | [le'a]1 |
| huv | San <br> Mateo del | Huavean | áwan \|óiquian <br> \|áagan |ómban <br> \|átan |éjan | 2957 | [áagan]1 | [áagan]1 |


| Translation | Language | Family | Manually determined search strings | f <br> verses | WW seeds <br> Max 35 / 501 <br> verses <br> $\mathrm{t}=4.6$ | Eng seeds <br> Max 2 / 508 verses $\mathrm{t}=4.6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar <br> Huave |  | \|ámban |úxan <br> \|ájan |áyan <br> líwan \|ócan <br> \|ứyan |ójan <br> \|û́üban |i̛ünan <br> \|énan |ánan <br> \|ónan |iülan <br> lû́wan |  |  |  |
| kek- $2005$ | Kekchí | Mayan | ka'aj | 211 | [ka'ajwi'\|ka'aj]1 [yal]2 | [ka'ajwi'\|ka'aj]1 [yal]2 |
| pua | Western <br> Highland <br> Purepech <br> a | Tarascan | jku\|ntku | 2122 | [>jk<]1 [>usi<<]2 [>ntk<]3 | [>kusi<<\|>ku\#<]1 |
| tac | Lowland <br> Tarahuma ra | Uto-Aztecan | pe \\| pe' | 1830 | [pe]1 [>cho\#<]2 <br> [bi'lepi]3 | [pe]1 [>cho\#<]2 |
| tos | Highland <br> Totonac | Totonacan | xman | 571 | [xman]1 | [xman]1 |
| zaa | Sierra de Juárez <br> Zapotec | Otomanguean | ruba | 346 | [teruba\|làteruba]1 | [>rub<]1 [tsuą']2 |
| zos | Francisco <br> León <br> Zoque | Mixe-Zoque | na's | 60 | [na's\|más]1 [sólo]2 | [na's]1 |
| jic | Tol | Jicaquean | p'in | 1191 | [p'in]1 | [p'in]1 |
| miq | Mískito | Misumalpan | baman | 466 | [baman]1 | [baman]1 |
| agr | Aguaruna | Chicham | imá | 396 | [imá\|ayatak]1 <br> [duke]2 | [imá\|ayatak]1 |
| amr | Amarakae <br> ri | Harakmbut | yo'da | 463 | [>yo'da\#<]1 | [>yo'da\#<]1 |
| apn | Apinayé | Nuclear- <br> Macro-Je | pix | 1020 | [pix]1 | [pix]1 |
| arl | Arabela | Zaparoan | saaja \| saa | 1065 | [saaja]1 [saa]2 | [saaja]1 [saa]2 |
| arn | Mapudung <br> un | Araucanian | müten | 746 | [müten]1 [re]2 | [müten]1 [re]2 |
| auc | Waorani | (Isolate) | que | 6939 | [ingampa]1 |  |
| ayr- $2011$ | Central <br> Aymara | Aymaran | ki | 5051 | [>kiw<]1 <br> [>\#sapa<]2 | [>kiw<]1 |


| Translation | Language | Family | Manually <br> determined <br> search <br> strings | f verses | WW seeds Max 35 / 501 verses $\mathrm{t}=4.6$ | Eng seeds <br> Max 2 / 508 verses $t=4.6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bmr | Muinane | Boran | idii | 265 | [>coro\#<\|idïboro]1 <br> [>iro\#<]2 | [idiiboro\|>coro\#<]1 <br> [>iro\#<]2 |
| cag | Nivaclé | Matacoan | ve'lh | 992 | [>ve'lha<]1 <br> [tsi'sha]2 [atesha]3 | [>ve'lha<]1 [tsi'sha]2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { cap- } \\ & 2004 \end{aligned}$ | Chipaya | Uru-Chipaya | qaś | 1420 | [>qaś<]1 | [>qaś<]1 |
| cas | MoseténChimané | (Isolate) | mọmo' \|mum' | 733 | [mọmo']1 | [mọmo']1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { cax- } \\ & 2002 \end{aligned}$ | Lomeriano -Ignaciano Chiquitan o | Chiquitano | tai | 1902 | [>tai<]1 <br> [>kunauntaña<]2 | [>tai<]1 <br> [kunauntañati]2 |
| cbt | Shawi | Cahuapanan | chin | 4077 | [>chin\#<]1 | [>chin\#<]1 |
| cbu | Candoshi- <br> Shapra | (Isolate) | mari | 1774 | [>mari<]1 |  |
| cbv | Kakua | Kakua-Nukak | jeh | 2239 | [>jeh\#<]1 | [>jeh\#<]1 |
| ceg | Chamaco co | Zamucoan | shi | 2108 | [shi] 1 [sohmira]2 | [shi] 1 |
| con | Cofán | (Isolate) | yi \|ñi | 1334 | [>yi\#<]1 [aqquia]2 | [>yi\#<]1 [aqquia]2 |
| cul | Culina | Arawan | ojar | 525 | [>ra\#<]1 [>\#ojari<]2 | [>ra\#<]1 [ojari]2 |
| des | Desano | Tucanoan | dihta | 398 | [dihtare]1 [dihta]2 | [dihta]1 [dihtare]2 |
| emp | Northern <br> Emberá | Chocoan | ababe | 207 | [ababe]1 | [ababe]1 |
| gug | Paraguay <br> an <br> Guaraní | Tupian | nte | 743 | [>nte<]1 | [>nte<]1 |
| guh | Guahibo | Guahiboan | ë | 400 | [saya]1 [>\#ë<]2 | [saya]1 [>\#ë<]2 |
| hix | Hixkaryán <br> a | Cariban | marma | 230 | [marma]1 | [marma]1 |
| hto | Minica <br> Huitoto | Huitotoan | dama | 529 | [dama\|fia|dani]1 <br> [daade]2 | [dama\|fia]1 [daade]2 |
| kbc | Kadiwéu | Guaicuruan | oka\|oki | 1498 | [>ok<]1 | [>ok<]1 |
| kbh | Camsá | (Isolate) | nÿe | 941 | [nÿe]1 | [nÿe]1 |
| kog | Cogui | Chibchan | za \| zañki | 1466 | [za]1 [ezuamé]2 <br> [ezuañgaba]3 | [za]1 [nuxa]2 |
| kwi | Awa- <br> Cuaiquer | Barbacoan | ain $\mid$ min | 3795 |  |  |
| leg | Lengua | Lengua- <br> Mascoy | acvamlha \| <br> apvamlha\| | 317 | acvamlha]1 <br> [apvamlha]2 | [acvamlha]1 [apvamlha]2 |


$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Trans- } \\ \text { lation }\end{array} & \text { Language } & \text { Family } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Manually } \\ \text { determined } \\ \text { search } \\ \text { strings }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { f } \\ \text { verses }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { WW seeds } \\ \text { Max 35 / 501 } \\ \text { verses } \\ \text { t=4.6 }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Eng seeds } \\ \text { Max 2 / 508 verses } \\ \text { t=4.6 }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { apquilvamlha } \\ \text { sicvamlha } \\ \text { ningilvamlha }\end{array}\right)$

## Appendix B: Extracting markers corresponding to an extensional meaning

The rightmost two columns report the result of an automatic extraction of markers with a collocation measure. For a similar procedure, see Dahl \& Wälchli (2016). The extraction algorithm, implemented in a Python program, is largely the same as described in Wälchli \& Sölling (2013).

All word-forms and all continuous character sequences within word-forms are marker candidates for being extracted. In order to be extracted, a marker must collocate with the search distribution (the functional domain, in practice modelled as the set of verses that contains typical restrictive contexts, may be called "seed distribution"). Two search distributions are compiled, one deriving from manually extracted search strings of a stratified sample of 121 languages (all verses where a "seed" marker occurs at least 35 times) and one, entirely Anglocentric, containing all verses where English only occurs more than once across 32 different English translations of the NT. The collocation measure used is $t$-value and the threshold is $t=4.6$. Extraction happens recursively starting with the marker candidate with the highest $t$-value. Extraction of further markers (if any) happens in terms of a paradigmatically and syntagmatically ordered set of marker complexes as described in Wälchli \& Sölling (2013). Since the search domain also collocates with negation and 'one', markers for negation and 'one' are filtered out (see Wälchli 2019) whenever the collocation value is better with negation (simplistically modelled by Polish nie) or 'one' (simplistically modelled by English one). This does in practice not remove all words for 'one', especially if 'only' and 'one' are expressed by the same string. In order to block highly frequent items which easily have high collocation values, a further requirement is that the $t$-value for the entire marker complex extracted so far must increase for every additionally extracted marker.

## Appendix C: PEM only vs. GEM 'only'

Table C.1: Verses with largest difference between PEM only and GEM 'only'

| Verse | Text | \% <br> ENG <br> except | \% ENG not only | \% <br> ENG <br> only | \% WW 'only' | $\%$ <br> Difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40004004 | But he answered and said, "It is written, 'Man will not live on bread alone, but on every word that comes out of the mouth of God." | 0 | 0 | 15,6 | 83,5 | -67,9 |
| 42004004 | And Jesus replied to him, "It is written, 'Man will not live on bread alone.'" | 0 | 0 | 15,6 | 81 | -65,4 |
| 42010022 | All things have been handed over to me by my Father, and no one knows who the Son is except the Father and who the Father is except the Son, and anyone to whom the Son wants to reveal him." | 63 | 0 | 12,5 | 73,6 | -61,1 |
| 40011027 | All things have been handed over to me by my Father, and no one knows the Son except the Father, and no one knows the Father except the Son and anyone to whom the Son wants to reveal him. | 66 | 0 | 12,5 | 71,9 | -59,4 |
| 41010018 | So Jesus said to him, "Why do you call me good? No one is good except God alone. | 63 | 0 | 15,6 | 74,4 | -58,8 |
| 66019012 | Now his eyes were like a flame of fire, and on his head were many royal headbands having a name written that no one except he himself knows. | 28 | 0 | 12,5 | 70,2 | -57,7 |
| 46001014 | I give thanks to God that I baptized none of you except Crispus and Gaius, | 78 | 0 | 3,1 | 60,3 | -57,2 |
| 42006032 | "And if you love those who love you, what kind of credit is that to you? For even sinners love those who love them! | 0 | 0 | 12,5 | 69,4 | -56,9 |
| 66002017 | The one who has an ear, let him hear what the Spirit says to the churches. To the one who conquers, I will give to him some of the hidden manna, and I will give to him a white stone, and on the stone a new name written, that no one knows except the one w | 53 | 0 | 9,4 | 65,3 | -55,9 |


| 47012002 | I know a man in Christ fourteen years ago - whether in the body I do not know, or outside the body I do not know, God knows - such a man was caught up to the third heaven, | 0 | 0 | 9,4 | 64,5 | -55,1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42012041 | And Peter said, "Lord, are you telling this parable for us, or also for everyone?" | 0 | 0 | 6,3 | 60,3 | -54 |
| 42005021 | And the scribes and the Pharisees began to reason, saying, "Who is this man who speaks blasphemies? Who is able to forgive sins except God alone?" | 22 | 0 | 21,9 | 75,2 | -53,3 |
| 42018019 | And Jesus said to him, "Why do you call me good? No one is good except God alone. | 59 | 0 | 21,9 | 75,2 | -53,3 |
| 66014003 | And they were singing something like a new song before the throne and before the four living creatures and the elders, and no one was able to learn the song except the one hundred forty-four thousand who had been bought from the earth. | 63 | 0 | 9,4 | 62 | -52,6 |
| 41011013 | And when he saw from a distance a fig tree that had leaves, he went to see if perhaps he would find anything on it. And when he came up to it he found nothing except leaves, because it was not the season for figs. | 16 | 0 | 18,8 | 69,4 | -50,6 |
| 46002002 | For I decided not to know anything among you except Jesus Christ and him crucified. | 66 | 0 | 15,6 | 66,1 | -50,5 |
| 43004042 | And they were saying to the woman, "No longer because of what you said do we believe, for we ourselves have heard, and we know that this one is truly the Savior of the world!" | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50,4 | -50,4 |
| 46002011 | For who among men knows the things of a man, except the spirit of the man that is in him? Thus also no one knows the things of God except the Spirit of God. | 75 | 0 | 18,8 | 68,6 | -49,8 |
| 42009036 | And after the voice had occurred, Jesus was found alone. And they kept | 0 | 0 | 9,4 | 57,9 | -48,5 |


|  | silent and told no one in those days anything of what they had seen. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43003013 | And no one has ascended into heaven except the one who descended from heaven - the Son of Man. | 50 | 0 | 6,3 | 54,5 | -48,2 |
| 43017012 | When I was with them, I kept them in your name, which you have given to me, and guarded them, and none of them has perished except the son of destruction, in order that the scripture would be fulfilled. | 69 | 0 | 12,5 | 60,3 | -47,8 |
| 46010024 | Let no one seek his own good but the good of the other. | 0 | 3 | 12,5 | 59,5 | -47 |
| 42006033 | For even if you do good to those who do good to you, what kind of credit is that to you? Even the sinners do the same! | 0 | 0 | 12,5 | 59,5 | -47 |
| 61002005 | and did not spare the ancient world, but preserved Noah, a proclaimer of righteousness, and seven others when he brought a flood on the world of the ungodly, | 3 | 0 | 9,4 | 56,2 | -46,8 |
| 59002019 | You believe that God is one; you do well. Even the demons believe, and shudder! | 0 | 0 | 6,3 | 52,9 | -46,6 |
| 45004014 | For if those of the law are heirs, faith is rendered void and the promise is nullified. | 0 | 0 | 3,1 | 49,6 | -46,5 |
| 49004005 | one Lord, one faith, one baptism, | 0 | 0 | 3,1 | 49,6 | -46,5 |
| 62003018 | Little children, let us not love with word or with tongue, but in deed and truth. | 0 | 6 | 15,6 | 62 | -46,4 |
| 40016004 | An evil and adulterous generation seeks for a sign, and a sign will not be given to it except the sign of Jonah!" And he left them and went away. | 59 | 0 | 12,5 | 58,7 | -46,2 |
| 50003019 | whose end is destruction, whose God is the stomach, and whose glory is in their shame, the ones who think on earthly things. | 0 | 0 | 18,8 | 64,5 | -45,7 |
| 49004004 | one body and one Spirit ( just as also you were called with one hope of your calling ), | 0 | 0 | 3,1 | 48,8 | -45,7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| 44027010 | saying to them, "Men, I perceive that the voyage is going to end with disaster and great loss, not only of the cargo and the ship, but also of our lives!" | 0 | 66 | 65,6 | 33,9 | 31,7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40009021 | for she said to herself, "If only I touch his cloak I will be healed." | 0 | 0 | 65,6 | 33,9 | 31,7 |
| 43001014 | And the Word became flesh and took up residence among us, and we saw his glory, glory as of the one and only from the Father, full of grace and truth. | 0 | 0 | 81,3 | 48,8 | 32,5 |
| 48002010 | They asked only that we should remember the poor, the very thing I was also eager to do. | 0 | 0 | 81,3 | 48,8 | 32,5 |
| 50001027 | Only lead your lives in a manner worthy of the gospel of Christ, so that whether I come and see you or am absent I hear your circumstances, that you are standing firm in one spirit, with one soul contending side by side for the faith of the gospel, | 0 | 0 | 78,1 | 44,6 | 33,5 |
| 58011017 | By faith Abraham, when he was tested, offered Isaac, and the one who received the promises was ready to offer his one and only son, | 0 | 0 | 75 | 40,5 | 34,5 |
| 44002015 | For these men are not drunk, as you assume, because it is the third hour of the day. | 0 | 0 | 59,4 | 24 | 35,4 |
| 45013005 | Therefore it is necessary to be in subjection, not only because of wrath but also because of conscience. | 0 | 78 | 81,3 | 45,5 | 35,8 |
| 48001023 | and they were only hearing, "The one formerly persecuting us is now proclaiming the faith that formerly he was attempting to destroy," | 0 | 0 | 93,8 | 57 | 36,8 |
| 45009024 | us whom he also called, not only from the Jews but also from the Gentiles? | 0 | 66 | 87,5 | 50,4 | 37,1 |
| 53002007 | For the mystery of lawlessness is at work already; only the one who now restrains will do so until he is out of the way, | 0 | 0 | 59,4 | 21,5 | 37,9 |
| 47008010 | And I am giving an opinion in this matter, because this is profitable for you who not only began previously, a year | 0 | 69 | 75 | 36,4 | 38,6 |


|  | ago, to do something, but also to want to do it. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44021013 | Then Paul replied, "What are you doing weeping and breaking my heart? For I am ready not only to be tied up, but even to die in Jerusalem for the name of the Lord Jesus!" | 0 | 75 | 87,5 | 47,9 | 39,6 |
| 50002012 | Therefore my dear friends, just as you have always obeyed, not as in my presence only but now much more in my absence, work out your own salvation with fear and trembling. | 0 | 47 | 75 | 33,9 | 41,1 |
| 43003016 | For in this way God loved the world, so that he gave his one and only Son, in order that everyone who believes in him will not perish, but will have eternal life. | 0 | 0 | 78,1 | 36,4 | 41,7 |
| 46007039 | A wife is bound for as long a time as her husband lives. But if her husband dies, she is free to marry whomever she wishes, only in the Lord. | 0 | 0 | 81,3 | 38,8 | 42,5 |
| 48005013 | For you were called to freedom, brothers. Only do not let your freedom become an opportunity for the flesh, but through love serve one another. | 0 | 0 | 68,8 | 25,6 | 43,2 |
| 43017003 | Now this is eternal life: that they know you, the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom you have sent. | 0 | 0 | 93,8 | 50,4 | 43,4 |
| 50001029 | because to you has been graciously granted on behalf of Christ not only to believe in him, but also to suffer on behalf of him, | 0 | 97 | 96,9 | 52,9 | 44 |
| 48006012 | As many as are wanting to make a good showing in the flesh, these are attempting to compel you to be circumcised, only so that they will not be persecuted for the cross of Christ. | 0 | 0 | 87,5 | 42,1 | 45,4 |
| 54006015 | which he will make known in his own time, the blessed and only Sovereign, the King of those who reign as kings and Lord of those who rule as lords, | 0 | 0 | 96,9 | 49,6 | 47,3 |
| 43003018 | The one who believes in him is not judged, but the one who does not believe has already been judged, | 0 | 0 | 78,1 | 30,6 | 47,5 |


|  | because he has not believed in the name of the one and only Son of God. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 65001004 | For certain men have slipped in stealthily, who were designated long ago for this condemnation, ungodly ones, who change the grace of our God into licentiousness and who deny our only Master and Lord Jesus Christ. | 0 | 0 | 87,5 | 39,7 | 47,8 |
| 65001025 | to the only God our Savior, through Jesus Christ our Lord, be glory, majesty, power, and authority before all time and now and for all eternity. Amen. | 0 | 0 | 87,5 | 38,8 | 48,7 |
| 45001032 | who, although they know the requirements of God, that those who do such things are worthy of death, not only do they do the same things, but also they approve of those who do them. | 0 | 91 | 90,6 | 41,3 | 49,3 |
| 42009038 | And behold, a man from the crowd cried out, saying, "Teacher, I beg you to look with concern on my son, because he is my only son! | 0 | 0 | 90,6 | 39,7 | 50,9 |
| 42008042 | because he had an only daughter, about twelve years old, and she was dying. Now as he was going, the crowds were pressing against him. | 0 | 0 | 90,6 | 36,4 | 54,2 |
| 42007012 | And as he approached the gate of the town, behold, a man who had died was being carried out, his mother's only son, and she was a widow. And a large crowd from the town was with her. | 0 | 0 | 93,8 | 38 | 55,8 |
| 62004009 | By this the love of God is revealed in us: that God sent his one and only Son into the world in order that we may live through him. | 0 | 0 | 84,4 | 28,1 | 56,3 |
| 49001021 | above all rule and authority and power and lordship and every name named, not only in this age but also in the coming one, | 0 | 81 | 84,4 | 26,4 | 58 |

## Appendix D: How to calculate a dissimilarity distance matrix with Hamming Distance

Cross-linguistically recurrent identity of form reflects similarity in meaning. Similarity is gradable. The more often any pair of meanings are expressed by the same form in different languages, the more similar are their meanings. To the extent we have translations of texts across many different languages (massively parallel texts), we can investigate the similarity of meanings on the level of exemplars. Actually, languages are too abstract units to be used in practice. All we have is specific varieties of languages, in which particular texts are written, for which the use of the term doculect has become common practice. We can then compile a table with the doculects in the parallel corpus as columns and with the cross-linguistically aligned parallel passages as rows and with the markers to be compared (here contrast connectives) in the cells. Table B. 1 lists 12 of 101 passages in 10 of 63 doculects (see 4.1.1).

Table D.1: Aligned restrictives across different doculects, excerpt from the database

|  | bel | bul | dan | deu | ell | eng | est | fin | fra | grc |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | adzlny | edinstven | enestAende | allein | monos | only | ainus | yksin | seul | monos |
| 2 | tolkl | samo | alene | allein | mono | only | ainult | NA | seulement | monon |
| 3 | tolkl | samo | kun | nur | mono | only | Uksnes | vain | seulement | monon |
| 4 | tolkl | samo | alene | allein | mono | only | Uksnes | ainoastaan | seulement | monon |
| 5 | tolkl | samo | kun | allein | mono | only | Uksnes | ainoastaan | seulement | monon |
| 6 | tolkl | samo | kun | allein | mono | only | Uksnes | vain | seulement | monon |
| 7 | tolkl | samo | NA | allein | mono | only | ZERO | ainoastaan | seulement | monon |
| 8 | tolkl | samo | NA | allein | mono | only | ainult | vain | seulement | monon |
| 9 | tolkl | samo | ZERO | allein | mono | only | Uksnes | vain | seulement | monon |
| 10 | adzln | samo | kun | allein | mono | only | ainult | ainoa | ne=que | monos |
| 11 | tolkl | samo | kun | allein | mono | only | Uksnes | pelkAstAAn | seulement | monon |
| 12 | adzlny | edini | eneste | allein | mono | only | ainus | ainoa | seul | monon |

In Table D.1, it is visible that 4 and 5 are rather similar, since most doculects express it by the same form and the pair 1 and 2 is less similar. A very simple measure for similarity is Hamming distance, which is $1-s / t$, where $s$ is the number of same markers across the pairs (boldface in Table 2) and $t$ the total number of pairs. Thus, in Table B.2, the dissimilarity of the pair $<4 ; 5>$ is 1 $9 / 10=0.1$ and the dissimilarity of the pair $<1 ; 2>$ is $1-2 / 9=0.78$; here division is by 9 because in one of the two verses one doculect has an instance of NonAttested (NA).

All these pairwise values are arranged in a dissimilarity distance matrix, such as Table B.2. As can be seen, the values in the colored fields are now slightly different, because they now are calculated on the basis of 28 rather than 10 doculects.


Table D.2: Excerpt of a dissimilarity matrix calculated with Hamming Distance

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | $\ldots$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 0 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.88 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.77 | $\ldots$ |
| 2 | 0.92 | 0 | 0.35 | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.3 | 0.38 | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.42 | $\ldots$ |
| 3 | 0.92 | 0.35 | 0 | 0.39 | 0.25 | 0.21 | 0.27 | 0.23 | 0.29 | 0.5 | $\ldots$ |
| 4 | 0.92 | 0.27 | 0.39 | 0 | 0.25 | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.36 | 0.57 | $\ldots$ |
| 5 | 0.92 | 0.27 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.29 | 0.46 | $\ldots$ |
| 6 | 0.88 | 0.3 | 0.21 | 0.33 | 0.21 | 0 | 0.23 | 0.18 | 0.33 | 0.5 | $\ldots$ |
| 7 | 0.92 | 0.38 | 0.27 | 0.35 | 0.19 | 0.23 | 0 | 0.2 | 0.31 | 0.54 | $\ldots$ |
| 8 | 0.92 | 0.33 | 0.23 | 0.35 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.31 | 0.5 | $\ldots$ |
| 9 | 0.92 | 0.35 | 0.29 | 0.36 | 0.29 | 0.33 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0 | 0.46 | $\ldots$ |
| 10 | 0.77 | 0.42 | 0.5 | 0.57 | 0.46 | 0.5 | 0.54 | 0.5 | 0.46 | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |

The distance matrix of the kind illustrated in Table D. 2 is then taken as an input for a Principal Coordinates Analysis (PCoA) that visualizes the distance matrix (R: cmdscale() ). The first two dimensions of PCoA, which are those with most information, visualize the distances in form of a map where every crosslinguistically aligned passage is a dot. In this map, which has been called a probabilistic semantic map (Wälchli \& Cysouw 2012), the distance between any pairs of dots reflects the semantic dissimilarity of any pair of cross-linguistically aligned passages in the dataset.

## Appendix E: Principal Coordinates Analysis (2 probabilistic semantic maps)

Table E.1: Translations considered (28 European languages):
eng-x-bible-lexham
bel-x-bible-bokun
bul-x-bible-1940
dan-x-bible-hverdagsdansk
deu-x-bible-luther1912
ell-x-bible-newworld
est-x-bible-1997
fin-x-bible-1992
fra-x-bible-darby
grc-x-bible-byzantine
hun-x-bible-2012
isl-x-bible
ita-x-bible-diodati
lat-x-bible-vulgataclementina
lav-x-bible-1997
lit-x-bible-tikejimozodis
mhr-x-bible
myv-x-bible
pol-x-bible-living
rus-x-bible-modern2011
slv-x-bible
spa-x-bible-nuevaviviente
srp-x-bible
swe-x-bible-newworld
swg-x-bible
tat-x-bible
tur-x-bible-2009
ukr-x-bible-2009

English
Belarusian
Bulgarian
Danish
German
Modern Greek
Estonian
Finnish
French
Koine Greek
Hungarian
Icelandic
Italian
Latin
Latvian
Lithuanian
Eastern Mari
Erzya Mordvin
Polish
Russian
Slovene
Spanish
Serbian
Swedish
Alemannic German
Tatar
Turkish
Ukrainian

Table E.2: 101 verses included in the multidimensional scaling with English grid with Principal Coordinates Analysis values for the first two dimensions given

| Verse | Code | Text | ENG Dim 1 | ENG Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43017020 | only | "And I do not ask on behalf of these only, but also on behalf of those who believe in me through their word, | -0,214493925 | 0,020623676 |
| 45004012 | only | and the father of those who are circumcised to those who are not only from the circumcision, but who also follow in the footsteps of the faith of our father Abraham which he had while uncircumcised, | -0,214132489 | 0,019573482 |
| 45013005 | only | Therefore it is necessary to be in subjection, not only because of wrath but also because of conscience, | -0,212982558 | -0,000428249 |
| 49001021 | only | above all rule and authority and power and lordship and every name named, not only in this age but also in the coming one, | -0,21271455 | -0,024205345 |
| 55004008 | only | Finally, the crown of righteousness is reserved for me, that the Lord, the righteous Judge, will award to me on that day, and not only to me, but also to all who have loved his appearing, | -0,211586243 | 0,013234124 |
| 52002008 | only | Longing for you in this way, we determined to share with you not only the gospel of God but also our own souls, because you had become dear to us, | -0,211167454 | -0,001951897 |
| 44019026 | only | and you see and hear that not only in Ephesus but in almost all of Asia this man Paul has persuaded and turned away a large crowd by saying that the gods made by hands are not gods, | -0,210810334 | -0,034512349 |
| 43005018 | only | So on account of this the Jews were seeking even more to kill him, because he not only was breaking the Sabbath, but also was calling God his own Father, thus making himself equal with God, | -0,208385805 | -0,041172674 |
| 48001023 | only | and they were only hearing, "The one formerly persecuting us is now | -0,208204361 | 0,053270754 |


| Verse | Code | Text | ENG Dim 1 | ENG Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | proclaiming the faith that formerly he was attempting to destroy," |  |  |
| 52001008 | only | for from you the word of the Lord has sounded forth, not only in Macedonia and in Achaia, but in every place your faith toward God has gone out, so that we have no need to say anything, | -0,208177712 | -0,027406978 |
| 42008050 | only | But Jesus, when he heard this, replied to him, "Do not be afraid! Only believe, and she will be healed," | -0,208117391 | 0,129797345 |
| 43013009 | only | Simon Peter said to him, "Lord, not my feet only, but also my hands and my head!" | -0,207975725 | -0,002091852 |
| 60002018 | only | Domestic slaves, be subject to your masters with all respect, not only to those who are good and gentle, but also to those who are unjust, | -0,207759661 | 0,000749935 |
| 45008023 | only | Not only this, but we ourselves also, having the first fruits of the Spirit, even we ourselves groan within ourselves while we await eagerly our adoption, the redemption of our body, | -0,207371489 | -0,03985959 |
| 48006012 | only | As many as are wanting to make a good showing in the flesh, these are attempting to compel you to be circumcised, only so that they will not be persecuted for the cross of Christ, | -0,206988081 | 0,095983863 |
| 62002002 | only | and he is the propitiation for our sins, and not for ours only, but also for the sins of the whole world, | -0,206581491 | 0,0233766 |
| 50002027 | only | For indeed he was sick, coming near to death, but God had mercy on him and not on him only, but also on me, so that I would not have grief upon grief, | -0,206472608 | -0,042897319 |
| 44021013 | only | Then Paul replied, "What are you doing weeping and breaking my heart? For I am ready not only to be tied up, but even to die in Jerusalem for the name of the Lord Jesus!" | -0,206238537 | -0,034902041 |
| 44019027 | only | So not only is there a danger this line of business of ours will come into disrepute, but also the temple of the great goddess Artemis will be regarded | -0,205267342 | 0,005023505 |


| Verse | Code | Text | ENG Dim 1 | ENG Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | as nothing - and she is about to be brought down even from her grandeur, she whom the whole of Asia and the entire world worship!" |  |  |
| 54005013 | only | And at the same time also, going around from house to house, they learn to be idle, and not only idle, but also gossipy and busybodies, saying the things that are not necessary, | -0,203826863 | 0,031627717 |
| 40021021 | only | And Jesus answered and said to them, "Truly I say to you, if you have faith and do not doubt, you will do not only what was done to the fig tree, but even if you say to this mountain, ' Be lifted up and thrown into the sea," it will happen! | -0,203636477 | -0,037156051 |
| 58009010 | only | concerning instead only food and drink and different washings, regulations of outward things imposed until the time of setting things right, | -0,203272958 | 0,047596416 |
| 48004018 | only | But it is good to be sought zealously in good at all times, and not only when I am present with you, | -0,202550571 | 0,05304653 |
| 45009024 | only | us whom he also called, not only from the Jews but also from the Gentiles? | -0,202087049 | -0,032412488 |
| 44026029 | only | And Paul replied, "I pray to God, whether in a short time or in a long time, not only you but also all those who are listening to me today may become such people as I also am, except for these bonds!" | -0,200954999 | -0,052189658 |
| 45003029 | only | Or is God the God of the Jews only? Is he not also the God of the Gentiles? Yes, also of the Gentiles, | -0,200611196 | -0,010207378 |
| 46015019 | only | If we have put our hope in Christ in this life only, we are of all people most pitiable, | -0,199254197 | 0,023557601 |
| 47009012 | only | because the service of this ministry is not only supplying the needs of the saints, but also is overflowing through many expressions of thanksgiving to God, | -0,198647316 | -0,001932509 |
| 55002020 | only | Now in a great house there are not only gold and silver vessels, but also | -0,196625203 | 0,033349556 |


| Verse | Code | Text | ENG Dim 1 | ENG Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | wooden and earthenware ones, some of which are for honorable use, and some of which are for ordinary use, |  |  |
| 47008010 | only | And I am giving an opinion in this matter, because this is profitable for you who not only began previously, a year ago, to do something, but also to want to do it, | $-0,196015003$ | -0,004789657 |
| 45001032 | only | who, although they know the requirements of God, that those who do such things are worthy of death, not only do they do the same things, but also they approve of those who do them, | -0,194805314 | -0,094347812 |
| 47008021 | only | For we are taking into consideration what is honorable not only before the Lord, but also before people, | -0,194416302 | -0,005303203 |
| 59001022 | only | But be doers of the message and not only hearers, deceiving yourselves, | $-0,193317341$ | 0,010546413 |
| 50002012 | only | Therefore my dear friends, just as you have always obeyed, not as in my presence only but now much more in my absence, work out your own salvation with fear and trembling, | -0,19241189 | -0,067622986 |
| 44027010 | only | saying to them, "Men, I perceive that the voyage is going to end with disaster and great loss, not only of the cargo and the ship, but also of our lives!" | -0,1914687 | -0,047044371 |
| 50001029 | only | because to you has been graciously granted on behalf of Christ not only to believe in him, but also to suffer on behalf of him, | -0,191155074 | -0,061520466 |
| 45004016 | only | Because of this, it is by faith, in order that it may be according to grace, so that the promise may be secure to all the descendants, not only to those of the law, but also to those of the faith of Abraham, who is the father of us all | -0,191071271 | -0,013803469 |
| 58012026 | only | whose voice shook the earth at that time, but now he has promised, saying, "Yet once more I will shake not only the earth but also heaven," | $-0,185508172$ | 0,023439971 |


| Verse | Code | Text | ENG Dim 1 | ENG Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 62005006 | only | This is the one who came by water and blood - Jesus Christ, not with the water only, but with the water and with the blood, And the Spirit is the one who testifies, because the Spirit is the truth, | -0,183469914 | -0,01822517 |
| 43012009 | only | Now the large crowd of Jews found out that he was there, and they came, not only because of Jesus, but so that they could see Lazarus also, whom he raised from the dead, | -0,183397927 | -0,017882455 |
| 46007039 | only | A wife is bound for as long a time as her husband lives, But if her husband dies, she is free to marry whomever she wishes, only in the Lord, | -0,181683222 | 0,168717429 |
| 40005047 | only | And if you greet only your brothers, what are you doing that is remarkable? Do not the Gentiles also do the same? | -0,178843965 | 0,09345067 |
| 52001005 | only | because our gospel did not come to you with word only, but also with power and with the Holy Spirit and with much certainty, just as you know what sort of people we became among you for your sake, | $-0,176756281$ | -0,020061365 |
| 43011052 | only | and not for the nation only, but also that the children of God who are scattered would be gathered into one, ) | -0,17547357 | -0,035147201 |
| 45005003 | only | And not only this, but we also boast in our afflictions, because we know that affliction produces patient endurance, | -0,171590533 | -0,070183843 |
| 45005011 | only | And not only this, but also we are boasting in God through our Lord Jesus Christ, through whom we have now received the reconciliation, | -0,165544084 | -0,10513913 |
| 41005036 | only | But Jesus, ignoring what was said, told the ruler of the synagogue, "Do not be afraid — only believe!" | -0,165148152 | 0,100572537 |
| 66021027 | NEG=except | And every unclean person and the one who practices detestable things and falsehood will never enter into it, except those who are written in the book of life of the Lamb, | -0,165076298 | 0,080663758 |
| 47007007 | only | and not only by his coming, but also by the comfort with which he was | -0,163295426 | 0,007873303 |


| Verse | Code | Text | ENG Dim 1 | ENG Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | comforted among you, because he reported to us your longing, your mourning, your zeal for me, so that I rejoiced even more, |  |  |
| 44018025 | only | This man had been instructed in the way of the Lord, and being enthusiastic in spirit, he was speaking and teaching accurately the things about Jesus, although he knew only the baptism of John, | $-0,151451005$ | 0,064352559 |
| 66009004 | NEG=except | And it was told to them that they should not damage the grass of the earth or any green plant or any tree, except those people who do not have the seal of God on their foreheads, | -0,146354968 | 0,034972186 |
| 40009021 | only | for she said to herself, "If only I touch his cloak I will be healed," | -0,138151046 | 0,166434782 |
| 50001027 | only | Only lead your lives in a manner worthy of the gospel of Christ, so that whether I come and see you or am absent I hear your circumstances, that you are standing firm in one spirit, with one soul contending side by side for the faith of the gospel, | $-0,136183675$ | 0,112194425 |
| 53002007 | only | For the mystery of lawlessness is at work already ; only the one who now restrains will do so until he is out of the way, | -0,11670928 | 0,123987275 |
| 45014002 | only | One believes he may eat all things, but the one who is weak eats only vegetables, | -0,111181458 | 0,193720673 |
| 44027022 | only | And now I urge you to cheer up, for there will be no loss of life from among you, but only of the ship, | -0,108975903 | 0,107947409 |
| 45004009 | ZERO | Therefore, is this blessing [ONLY] for those who are circumcised, or also for those who are uncircumcised? For we say, "Faith was credited to Abraham for righteousness," | -0,106720436 | 0,250609831 |
| 48005013 | only | For you were called to freedom, brothers, Only do not let your freedom become an opportunity for the flesh, but through love serve one another, | -0,101097519 | 0,02671923 |


| Verse | Code | Text | ENG Dim 1 | ENG Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44008016 | only | ( For he had not yet fallen on any of them, but they had only been baptized in the name of the Lord Jesus, ) | -0,099234585 | 0,00838927 |
| 47008019 | only | And not only this, but he was also chosen by the churches as our traveling companion together with this gift that is being administered by us to the glory of the Lord himself and to show our readiness to help, | -0,09731654 | -0,132177599 |
| 45009010 | only | And not only this, but also when Rebecca conceived children by one man, Isaac our father - | -0,086686421 | -0,105249657 |
| 48002010 | only | They asked only that we should remember the poor, the very thing I was also eager to do, | -0,072044465 | 0,034587374 |
| 63001001 | alone | The elder, to the elect lady and her children, whom I love in truth — and not I alone, but also all those who know the truth - | -0,059919832 | -0,143810559 |
| 40012004 | only | how he entered into the house of God and ate the bread of the presentation, which it was not permitted for him or for those with him to eat, but only for the priests? | -0,055214813 | -0,152418099 |
| 40024036 | NEG=except= alone | "But concerning that day and hour no one knows - not even the angels of heaven nor the Son - except the Father alone, | -0,049938534 | -0,042400449 |
| 54005023 | only | ( No longer drink only water, but use a little wine for your stomach and your frequent illnesses, ) | -0,049295048 | 0,110476851 |
| 46009024 | ZERO | Do you not know that those who run in the stadium all run, but [ONLY] one receives the prize? Run in such a way that you may win, | -0,044553858 | 0,149932527 |
| 45016004 | only | who risked their own necks for my life, for which not only I am thankful, but also all the churches of the Gentiles; | -0,033979334 | -0,289481035 |
| 47013008 | NEG=but=rath er=only | For we are not able to do anything against the truth, but rather only for the truth, | -0,0120203 | 0,220369304 |



| Verse | Code | Text | ENG Dim 1 | ENG Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42004008 | only | And Jesus answered and said to him, "It is written, ' You shall worship the Lord your God, and serve only him,'" | -0,00188731 | -0,271325113 |
| 40019011 | NEG=but | But he said to them, "Not everyone can accept this saying but those to whom it has been given, | 0,003133406 | 0,200662495 |
| 46009006 | only | Or do only I and Barnabas not have the right to refrain from working? | 0,007898298 | -0,155253542 |
| 46014036 | only | Or has the word of God gone out from you, or has it come to you only? | 0,00861558 | -0,193786033 |
| 58009007 | only | but only the high priest enters into the second tent once a year, not without blood, which he offers on behalf of himself and the sins of the people committed in ignorance, | 0,02437081 | -0,207084399 |
| 44002015 | ZERO | For these men are not drunk, as you assume, because it is the third hour of the day [ONLY], | 0,029917306 | 0,297360659 |
| 40004010 | only | Then Jesus said to him, "Go away, Satan, for it is written, ' You shall worship the Lord your God and serve only him,'" | 0,031990634 | -0,284851745 |
| 43013010 | only | Jesus said to him, "The one who has bathed only needs to wash his feet, but is completely clean, And you are clean, but not all of you," | 0,032398149 | 0,171143204 |
| 41013032 | NEG=except | "But concerning that day or hour no one knows - not even the angels in heaven nor the Son - except the Father, | 0,033198256 | 0,162930221 |
| 55004011 | alone | Luke alone is with me, Take along Mark and bring him with you, because he is useful to me for ministry, | 0,047519279 | -0,218296809 |
| 43005019 | NEG=except | So Jesus answered and said to them, "Truly, truly I say to you, the Son can do nothing from himself except what he sees the Father doing, For whatever that one does, these things also the Son does likewise, | 0,066178152 | 0,292119392 |
| 44011019 | NEG=except= <br> alone | Now those who had been scattered because of the persecution that took place over Stephen traveled as far as Phoenicia and Cyprus and Antioch, | 0,107132904 | 0,131078891 |



| Verse | Code | Text | ENG Dim 1 | ENG Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | proclaiming the message to no one except Jews alone, |  |  |
| 43006022 | NEG=except | On the next day, the crowd that was on the other side of the sea saw that other boats were not there ( except one ), and that Jesus had not entered with his disciples into the boat, but his disciples had departed alone, | 0,160529804 | 0,100833287 |
| 50004015 | NEG=except= alone | Now you also know, Philippians, that at the beginning of the gospel, when I departed from Macedonia, no church shared with me in the matter of giving and receiving except you alone, | 0,252833904 | -0,036412073 |
| 51004011 | only | and Jesus who is called Justus, These are the only ones who are fellow workers for the kingdom of God from the circumcision, who have been a comfort to me, | 0,263313997 | -0,337197238 |
| 42024018 | only | And one of them, named Cleopas, answered and said to him, "Are you the only one living near Jerusalem and not knowing the things that have happened in it in these days?" | 0,337447391 | -0,239833943 |
| 45016027 | only | to the only wise God, through Jesus Christ, to whom be the glory for eternity, <br> Amen, | 0,469079627 | -0,361846678 |
| 65001025 | only | to the only God our Savior, through Jesus Christ our Lord, be glory, majesty, power, and authority before all time and now and for all eternity, Amen, | 0,497905757 | -0,254018783 |
| 54001017 | only | Now to the King of the ages, immortal, invisible, to the only God, be honor and glory forever and ever, Amen, | 0,502811212 | -0,361070829 |
| 43005044 | only | How are you able to believe, if you accept glory from one another, and do not seek the glory which is from the only God? | 0,505331495 | -0,326206712 |
| 43017003 | only | Now this is eternal life: that they know you, the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom you have sent, | 0,513773699 | -0,310102051 |
| 65001004 | only | For certain men have slipped in stealthily, who were designated long ago for this condemnation, ungodly | 0,551824558 | -0,251559747 |


| Verse | Code | Text | ENG Dim 1 | ENG Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ones, who change the grace of our God into licentiousness and who deny our only Master and Lord Jesus Christ, |  |  |
| 54006015 | only | which he will make known in his own time, the blessed and only Sovereign, the King of those who reign as kings and Lord of those who rule as lords, | 0,600579665 | -0,335533864 |
| 42007012 | only | And as he approached the gate of the town, behold, a man who had died was being carried out, his mother's only son, and she was a widow, And a large crowd from the town was with her, | 0,688504554 | 0,076013254 |
| 42009038 | only | And behold, a man from the crowd cried out, saying, "Teacher, I beg you to look with concern on my son, because he is my only son! | 0,688669076 | 0,093851852 |
| 42008042 | only | because he had an only daughter, about twelve years old, and she was dying, Now as he was going, the crowds were pressing against him, | 0,694410568 | 0,102536307 |
| 43003018 | one=and=only | The one who believes in him is not judged, but the one who does not believe has already been judged, because he has not believed in the name of the one and only Son of God, | 0,706736297 | 0,265276005 |
| 43001018 | one=and=only | No one has seen God at any time ; the one and only, God, the one who is in the bosom of the Father - that one has made him known, | 0,70727972 | 0,269720405 |
| 43001014 | one=and=only | And the Word became flesh and took up residence among us, and we saw his glory, glory as of the one and only from the Father, full of grace and truth, | 0,707908036 | 0,27063503 |
| 43003016 | one=and=only | For in this way God loved the world, so that he gave his one and only Son, in order that everyone who believes in him will not perish, but will have eternal life, | 0,717228989 | 0,302099576 |
| 62004009 | one=and=only | By this the love of God is revealed in us: that God sent his one and only Son into the world in order that we may live through him, | 0,72102708 | 0,303484977 |
| 58011017 | one=and=only | By faith Abraham, when he was tested, offered Isaac, and the one who | 0,726711151 | 0,273800024 |


| Verse | Code | Text | ENG Dim 1 | ENG Dim 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | received the promises was ready to <br> offer his one and only son, |  |  |  |

217 verses included in the multidimensional scaling with English \& world-wide grid with Principal Coordinates Analysis values for the first two dimensions given

| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50002012 | only | Therefore my dear friends, just as you have always obeyed, not as in my presence only but now much more in my absence, work out your own salvation with fear and trembling, | -0,44029641 | -0,180611513 |
| 45009010 | only | And not only this, but also when Rebecca conceived children by one man, Isaac our father - | -0,432342244 | $-0,11839078$ |
| 44026029 | only | And Paul replied, "I pray to God, whether in a short time or in a long time, not only you but also all those who are listening to me today may become such people as I also am, except for these bonds!" | -0,430668705 | -0,147892604 |
| 45001032 | only | who, although they know the requirements of God, that those who do such things are worthy of death, not only do they do the same things, but also they approve of those who do them, | -0,414808741 | -0,160317322 |
| 45005011 | only | And not only this, but also we are boasting in God through our Lord Jesus Christ, through whom we have now received the reconciliation, | -0,413986677 | -0,175912153 |
| 40021021 | only | And Jesus answered and said to them, "Truly I say to you, if you have faith and do not doubt, you will do not only what was done to the fig tree, but even if you say to this mountain, 'Be lifted up and thrown into the sea," it will happen! | -0,3974524 | -0,151258646 |
| 54005013 | only | And at the same time also, going around from house to house, they learn to be idle, and not only idle, but also gossipy and busybodies, saying the things that are not necessary, | -0,397267992 | -0,142057527 |
| 45005003 | only | And not only this, but we also boast in our afflictions, because we know that affliction produces patient endurance, | -0,394542425 | -0,157589328 |



| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44019026 | only | and you see and hear that not only in Ephesus but in almost all of Asia this man Paul has persuaded and turned away a large crowd by saying that the gods made by hands are not gods, | -0,391611155 | -0,14949858 |
| 43005018 | only | So on account of this the Jews were seeking even more to kill him, because he not only was breaking the Sabbath, but also was calling God his own Father, thus making himself equal with God, | -0,3877137 | -0,160891281 |
| 49001021 | only | above all rule and authority and power and lordship and every name named, not only in this age but also in the coming one, | -0,386646306 | -0,164637633 |
| 44019027 | only | So not only is there a danger this line of business of ours will come into disrepute, but also the temple of the great goddess Artemis will be regarded as nothing - and she is about to be brought down even from her grandeur, she whom the whole of Asia and the entire world worship!" | $-0,386559366$ | -0,167091587 |
| 43012009 | only | Now the large crowd of Jews found out that he was there, and they came, not only because of Jesus, but so that they could see Lazarus also, whom he raised from the dead, | $-0,384292731$ | -0,139613098 |
| 47008019 | only | And not only this, but he was also chosen by the churches as our traveling companion together with this gift that is being administered by us to the glory of the Lord himself and to show our readiness to help, | -0,383874545 | -0,124040465 |
| 52001008 | only | for from you the word of the Lord has sounded forth, not only in Macedonia and in Achaia, but in every place your faith toward God has gone out, so that we have no need to say anything, | -0,383190783 | -0,145824587 |
| 44027010 | only | saying to them, "Men, I perceive that the voyage is going to end with disaster and great loss, not only of the cargo and the ship, but also of our lives!" | -0,382645489 | -0,169068351 |
| 45009024 | only | us whom he also called, not only from the Jews but also from the Gentiles? | $-0,381814677$ | -0,162002948 |


| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 45008023 | only | Not only this, but we ourselves also, having the first fruits of the Spirit, even we ourselves groan within ourselves while we await eagerly our adoption, the redemption of our body, | -0,377890858 | -0,170421235 |
| 50002027 | only | For indeed he was sick, coming near to death, but God had mercy on him and not on him only, but also on me, so that I would not have grief upon grief, | -0,375044796 | $-0,170515811$ |
| 50001029 | only | because to you has been graciously granted on behalf of Christ not only to believe in him, but also to suffer on behalf of him, | -0,373988036 | -0,148433303 |
| 44021013 | only | Then Paul replied, "What are you doing weeping and breaking my heart? For I am ready not only to be tied up, but even to die in Jerusalem for the name of the Lord Jesus!" | -0,373279839 | $-0,171319663$ |
| 47009012 | only | because the service of this ministry is not only supplying the needs of the saints, but also is overflowing through many expressions of thanksgiving to God, | -0,372326198 | -0,172970222 |
| 48001023 | only | and they were only hearing, "The one formerly persecuting us is now proclaiming the faith that formerly he was attempting to destroy," | -0,362608111 | -0,167911138 |
| 47007007 | only | and not only by his coming, but also by the comfort with which he was comforted among you, because he reported to us your longing, your mourning, your zeal for me, so that I rejoiced even more, | -0,362242743 | -0,125340626 |
| 58012026 | only | whose voice shook the earth at that time, but now he has promised, saying, "Yet once more I will shake not only the earth but also heaven," | -0,362080736 | -0,172141192 |
| 45004012 | only | and the father of those who are circumcised to those who are not only from the circumcision, but who also follow in the footsteps of the faith of our father Abraham which he had while uncircumcised, | -0,360396027 | -0,178499639 |
| 60002018 | only | Domestic slaves, be subject to your masters with all respect, not only to those | -0,357773125 | -0,148481272 |



| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | who are good and gentle, but also to those who are unjust, |  |  |
| 52002008 | only | Longing for you in this way, we determined to share with you not only the gospel of God but also our own souls, because you had become dear to us, | -0,357598136 | -0,150994075 |
| 43013009 | only | Simon Peter said to him, "Lord, not my feet only, but also my hands and my head!" | -0,356805505 | -0,166648458 |
| 55004008 | only | Finally, the crown of righteousness is reserved for me, that the Lord, the righteous Judge, will award to me on that day, and not only to me, but also to all who have loved his appearing, | -0,355692393 | -0,163724563 |
| 47008021 | only | For we are taking into consideration what is honorable not only before the Lord, but also before people, | -0,354862888 | -0,141896314 |
| 62005006 | only | This is the one who came by water and blood - Jesus Christ, not with the water only, but with the water and with the blood, And the Spirit is the one who testifies, because the Spirit is the truth, | -0,353757068 | -0,138243348 |
| 45004016 | only | Because of this, it is by faith, in order that it may be according to grace, so that the promise may be secure to all the descendants, not only to those of the law, but also to those of the faith of Abraham, who is the father of us all | -0,352881846 | -0,149822816 |
| 45003029 | only | Or is God the God of the Jews only? Is he not also the God of the Gentiles? Yes, also of the Gentiles, | -0,352735135 | -0,158790499 |
| 47008010 | only | And I am giving an opinion in this matter, because this is profitable for you who not only began previously, a year ago, to do something, but also to want to do it, | -0,350233819 | -0,199909009 |
| 43017020 | only | "And I do not ask on behalf of these only, but also on behalf of those who believe in me through their word, | -0,349835273 | -0,159972995 |
| 45013005 | only | Therefore it is necessary to be in subjection, not only because of wrath but also because of conscience, | -0,348020203 | -0,16189974 |
| 43011052 | only | and not for the nation only, but also that the children of God who are scattered would be gathered into one, ) | -0,346530401 | -0,159476468 |


| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52001005 | only | because our gospel did not come to you with word only, but also with power and with the Holy Spirit and with much certainty, just as you know what sort of people we became among you for your sake, | -0,344819062 | -0,1533147 |
| 62002002 | only | and he is the propitiation for our sins, and not for ours only, but also for the sins of the whole world, | -0,342012508 | $-0,158610128$ |
| 48004018 | only | But it is good to be sought zealously in good at all times, and not only when I am present with you, | -0,338966319 | $-0,186962753$ |
| 48006012 | only | As many as are wanting to make a good showing in the flesh, these are attempting to compel you to be circumcised, only so that they will not be persecuted for the cross of Christ, | -0,338587344 | $-0,156593655$ |
| 59001022 | only | But be doers of the message and not only hearers, deceiving yourselves, | $-0,33817286$ | -0,163386049 |
| 45016004 | only | who risked their own necks for my life, for which not only I am thankful, but also all the churches of the Gentiles; | -0,336961254 | -0,097393556 |
| 44018025 | only | This man had been instructed in the way of the Lord, and being enthusiastic in spirit, he was speaking and teaching accurately the things about Jesus, although he knew only the baptism of John, | -0,317570143 | $-0,137450289$ |
| 58009010 | only | concerning instead only food and drink and different washings, regulations of outward things imposed until the time of setting things right, | -0,316912269 | $-0,165394492$ |
| 44008016 | only | ( For he had not yet fallen on any of them, but they had only been baptized in the name of the Lord Jesus, ) | -0,312739707 | -0,118554667 |
| 48002010 | only | They asked only that we should remember the poor, the very thing I was also eager to do, | -0,310406204 | -0,112390947 |
| 59002024 | alone | You see that a person is justified by works and not by faith alone, | -0,305303553 | $-0,14588519$ |
| 40005047 | only | And if you greet only your brothers, what are you doing that is remarkable? Do not the Gentiles also do the same? | -0,304234674 | $-0,142012214$ |



| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 46015019 | only | If we have put our hope in Christ in this life only, we are of all people most pitiable, | -0,303224012 | -0,195316422 |
| 55002020 | only | Now in a great house there are not only gold and silver vessels, but also wooden and earthenware ones, some of which are for honorable use, and some of which are for ordinary use, | $-0,301826182$ | -0,190606814 |
| 46014036 | only | Or has the word of God gone out from you, or has it come to you only? | -0,300144963 | $-0,081870406$ |
| 48005013 | only | For you were called to freedom, brothers, Only do not let your freedom become an opportunity for the flesh, but through love serve one another, | -0,298917806 | -0,106521269 |
| 40009021 | only | for she said to herself, "If only I touch his cloak I will be healed," | $-0,297607171$ | -0,117764725 |
| 42008050 | only | But Jesus, when he heard this, replied to him, "Do not be afraid! Only believe, and she will be healed," | $-0,29308803$ | -0,178718727 |
| 66009004 | NEG=except | And it was told to them that they should not damage the grass of the earth or any green plant or any tree, except those people who do not have the seal of God on their foreheads, | -0,291565425 | -0,07258754 |
| 41005036 | only | But Jesus, ignoring what was said, told the ruler of the synagogue, "Do not be afraid only believe!" | $-0,29035487$ | -0,147656459 |
| 46009006 | only | Or do only I and Barnabas not have the right to refrain from working? | $-0,285384526$ | -0,079698181 |
| 66021027 | NEG=except | And every unclean person and the one who practices detestable things and falsehood will never enter into it, except those who are written in the book of life of the Lamb, | -0,285331296 | -0,057299237 |
| 46007039 | only | A wife is bound for as long a time as her husband lives, But if her husband dies, she is free to marry whomever she wishes, only in the Lord, | $-0,284867651$ | -0,156167394 |
| 63001001 | alone | The elder, to the elect lady and her children, whom I love in truth - and not I alone, but also all those who know the truth | $-0,283108517$ | -0,102091526 |



| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42004008 | only | And Jesus answered and said to him, "It is written, 'You shall worship the Lord your God, and serve only him,'" | -0,269229861 | -0,069997194 |
| 40012004 | only | how he entered into the house of God and ate the bread of the presentation, which it was not permitted for him or for those with him to eat, but only for the priests? | -0,261260743 | $-0,107230807$ |
| 40008008 | only | And the centurion answered and said, "Lord, I am not worthy that you should come in under my roof, But only say the word and my slave will be healed, | -0,258234217 | -0,156023909 |
| 45004023 | alone | But it was not written for the sake of him alone that it was credited to him, | -0,257856014 | $-0,152108528$ |
| 40004010 | only | Then Jesus said to him, "Go away, Satan, for it is written, 'You shall worship the Lord your God and serve only him,"' | -0,252743238 | -0,050490986 |
| 40004004 | alone | But he answered and said, "lt is written, 'Man will not live on bread alone, but on every word that comes out of the mouth of God," | -0,252016044 | $-0,100423793$ |
| 42004004 | alone | And Jesus replied to him, "lt is written, 'Man will not live on bread alone,"' | -0,251921063 | -0,100987659 |
| 55004011 | alone | Luke alone is with me, Take along Mark and bring him with you, because he is useful to me for ministry, | -0,245582256 | $-0,079456504$ |
| 53002007 | only | For the mystery of lawlessness is at work already; only the one who now restrains will do so until he is out of the way, | -0,244602785 | $-0,150687165$ |
| 50001027 | only | Only lead your lives in a manner worthy of the gospel of Christ, so that whether I come and see you or am absent I hear your circumstances, that you are standing firm in one spirit, with one soul contending side by side for the faith of the gospel, | -0,235336897 | -0,18436284 |
| 58009007 | only | but only the high priest enters into the second tent once a year, not without blood, which he offers on behalf of himself and the sins of the people committed in ignorance, | -0,230795055 | $-0,079517298$ |
| 44027022 | only | And now I urge you to cheer up, for there will be no loss of life from among you, but only of the ship, | $-0,2235524$ | $-0,107547755$ |



| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40024036 | NEG=except =alone | "But concerning that day and hour no one knows - not even the angels of heaven nor the Son - except the Father alone, | -0,188196778 | -0,052462982 |
| 51004011 | only | and Jesus who is called Justus, These are the only ones who are fellow workers for the kingdom of God from the circumcision, who have been a comfort to me, | -0,172076538 | 0,015848127 |
| 45011003 | alone | "Lord, they have killed your prophets, they have torn down your altars, and I alone am left, and they are seeking my life!" | -0,154316912 | 0,036445345 |
| 42024018 | only | And one of them, named Cleopas, answered and said to him, "Are you the only one living near Jerusalem and not knowing the things that have happened in it in these days?" | -0,152219054 | 0,038498823 |
| 47013008 | NEG=but=ra ther=only | For we are not able to do anything against the truth, but rather only for the truth, | -0,141125444 | $-0,00656767$ |
| 43008009 | alone | Now when they heard it, they began to depart, one by one, beginning with the older ones, and he was left alone - and the woman who was in their midst, | -0,132783216 | -0,032585314 |
| 66015004 | only | Who would never fear, Lord, and glorify your name? For only you are holy, because all the nations will comeand worship before you, because your righteous deeds have been revealed," | -0,127096044 | 0,03519518 |
| 42024012 | only | But Peter got up and ran to the tomb, and bending over to look, he saw only the strips of linen cloth, and he went away to his home wondering what had happened, | -0,126050903 | 0,03327488 |
| 45016027 | only | to the only wise God, through Jesus Christ, to whom be the glory for eternity, Amen, | -0,103641115 | 0,116784189 |
| 40019011 | NEG=but | But he said to them, "Not everyone can accept this saying but those to whom it has been given, | -0,102815969 | -0,001735927 |
| 65001025 | only | to the only God our Savior, through Jesus Christ our Lord, be glory, majesty, power, and authority before all time and now and for all eternity, Amen, | -0,099780424 | 0,119486116 |
| 43013010 | only | Jesus said to him, "The one who has bathed only needs to wash his feet, but is completely clean, And you are clean, but not all of you," | -0,094970189 | 0,205666923 |


| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 54001017 | only | Now to the King of the ages, immortal, invisible, to the only God, be honor and glory forever and ever, Amen, | -0,093313297 | 0,099999428 |
| 43006022 | NEG=except | On the next day, the crowd that was on the other side of the sea saw that other boats were not there ( except one ), and that Jesus had not entered with his disciples into the boat, but his disciples had departed alone, | -0,092065982 | 0,221276103 |
| 43017003 | only | Now this is eternal life: that they know you, the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom you have sent, | -0,09162254 | 0,108806064 |
| 44011019 | NEG=except =alone | Now those who had been scattered because of the persecution that took place over Stephen traveled as far as Phoenicia and Cyprus and Antioch, proclaiming the message to no one except Jews alone, | -0,089050929 | 0,185913029 |
| 41013032 | NEG=except | "But concerning that day or hour no one knows - not even the angels in heaven nor the Son - except the Father, | -0,087560158 | 0,146940473 |
| 43005044 | only | How are you able to believe, if you accept glory from one another, and do not seek the glory which is from the only God? | -0,070642049 | 0,101911316 |
| 40015024 | NEG=except | But he answered and said, "I was not sent except to the lost sheep of the house of Israel," | $-0,066128677$ | 0,240795522 |
| 40014017 | NEG=except | And they said to him, "We do not have anything here except five loaves and two fish," | -0,05117399 | 0,333371619 |
| 42004027 | NEG=except | And there were many lepers in Israel in the time of the prophet Elisha, and none of them was made clean except Naaman the Syrian," | -0,047152705 | 0,319007194 |
| 50004015 | NEG=except =alone | Now you also know, Philippians, that at the beginning of the gospel, when I departed from Macedonia, no church shared with me in the matter of giving and receiving except you alone, | -0,040605755 | 0,196573326 |
| 41006005 | NEG=except | And he was not able to do any miracle in that place except to lay his hands on a few sick peopleand heal them, | -0,038179067 | 0,281231464 |
| 41002026 | NEG=except | how he entered into the house of God in the time of Abiathar the high priest and ate the | -0,03543149 | 0,38392722 |


| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | bread of the presentation, which it is not permitted to eat ( except the priests ) and also gave it to those who were with him?" |  |  |
| 65001004 | only | For certain men have slipped in stealthily, who were designated long ago for this condemnation, ungodly ones, who change the grace of our God into licentiousness and who deny our only Master and Lord Jesus Christ, | -0,018411464 | 0,139639169 |
| 54006016 | alone | the one who alone possesses immortality, who lives in unapproachable light, whom no human being has seen nor is able to see, to whom be honor and eternal power, Amen, | -0,017803297 | 0,138109985 |
| 43005019 | NEG=except | So Jesus answered and said to them, "Truly, truly I say to you, the Son can do nothing from himself except what he sees the Father doing, For whatever that one does, these things also the Son does likewise, | -0,0171984 | 0,139073215 |
| 43006046 | NEG=except | ( Not that anyone has seen the Father except the one who is from God - this one has seen the Father, ) | -0,009211067 | 0,340697334 |
| 42018019 | NEG=except | And Jesus said to him, "Why do you call me good? No one is good except God alone, | 0,000881469 | 0,450550675 |
| 48001019 | NEG=except | but I did not see any others of the apostles except James, the brother of the Lord, | 0,002082892 | 0,439955473 |
| 54006015 | only | which he will make known in his own time, the blessed and only Sovereign, the King of those who reign as kings and Lord of those who rule as lords, | 0,003341875 | 0,154399178 |
| 42006004 | NEG=except =alone | how he entered into the house of God and took the bread of the presentation, which it is not permitted to eat ( except the priests alone ), and ate it and gave it to those with him?" | 0,006966767 | 0,315372467 |
| 42009036 | alone | And after the voice had occurred, Jesus was found alone, And they kept silent and told no one in those days anything of what they had seen, | 0,008724085 | 0,111305462 |
| 43003013 | NEG=except | And no one has ascended into heaven except the one who descended from heaven - the Son of Man, | 0,011657461 | 0,463141815 |


| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42009013 | NEG=more= than | But he said to them, "You give them something to eat!" And they said, ". We have no more than five loaves and two fish, unless perhaps we go and purchase food for all these people," | 0,01849341 | 0,26797988 |
| 45009027 | ZERO | And Isaiah cries out concerning Israel, "Even if the number of the sons of Israel is like the sand of the sea, [ONLY] the remnant will be saved, | 0,026253334 | -0,210240398 |
| 54005023 | only | ( No longer drink only water, but use a little wine for your stomach and your frequent illnesses, ) | 0,031763738 | -0,236015515 |
| 47012013 | except | For in what respect are you made worse off more than the rest of the churches, except that I myself was not a burden to you? Forgive me this wrong! | 0,032780071 | 0,17197357 |
| 41008014 | NEG=except | And they had forgotten to take bread, and except for one loaf, they did not have any with them in the boat, | 0,035707234 | 0,24058591 |
| 41009029 | NEG=except | And he said to them, "This kind can come out by nothing except by prayer," | 0,037299339 | 0,35991523 |
| 45015018 | NEG=except | For I will not dare to speak about anything except that which Christ has accomplished through me, resulting in the obedience of the Gentiles by word and deed, | 0,038532354 | 0,2825009 |
| 50002004 | ZERO | each one of you not looking out [ONLY] for his own interests, but also each of you looking out for the interests of others, | 0,039337232 | -0,278833995 |
| 66002017 | NEG=except | The one who has an ear, let him hear what the Spirit says to the churches, To the one who conquers, I will give to him some of the hidden manna, and I will give to him a white stone, and on the stone a new name written, that no one knows except the one who receives it,' | 0,040154645 | 0,545450429 |
| 42010022 | NEG=except | All things have been handed over to me by my Father, and no one knows who the Son is except the Father and who the Father is except the Son, and anyone to whom the Son wants to reveal him," | 0,044530741 | 0,524374147 |
| 41011013 | NEG=except | And when he saw from a distance a fig tree that had leaves, he went to see if perhaps he would find anything on it, And when he | 0,047221274 | 0,438172725 |


| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | came up to it he found nothing except leaves, because it was not the season for figs, |  |  |
| 42008042 | only | because he had an only daughter, about twelve years old, and she was dying, Now as he was going, the crowds were pressing against him, | 0,053208071 | 0,231351153 |
| 41004034 | in=private | And he did not speak to them without a parable, but in private he explained everything to his own disciples, | 0,055571359 | 0,140359277 |
| 41010018 | NEG=except =alone | So Jesus said to him, "Why do you call me good? No one is good except God alone, | 0,060122607 | 0,426947027 |
| 46008004 | NEG=except | Therefore, concerning the eating of food sacrificed to idols, we know that "an idol is nothing in the world" and that "there is no God except one," | 0,060218377 | 0,371662133 |
| 45014002 | only | One believes he may eat all things, but the one who is weak eats only vegetables, | 0,062809758 | -0,270027001 |
| 40020012 | ZERO | saying, 'These last people worked [ONLY] one hour and you made them equal to us who have endured the burden of the day and the burning heat!' | 0,063977935 | -0,158190832 |
| 42007012 | only | And as he approached the gate of the town, behold, a man who had died was being carried out, his mother's only son, and she was a widow, And a large crowd from the town was with her, | 0,064385983 | 0,221908023 |
| 42009038 | only | And behold, a man from the crowd cried out, saying, "Teacher, I beg you to look with concern on my son, because he is my only son! | 0,065375599 | 0,223451671 |
| 42017018 | NEG=except | Was no one found to turn back and give praise to God except this foreigner?" | 0,067576264 | 0,487180205 |
| 66019012 | NEG=except | Now his eyes were like a flame of fire, and on his head were many royal headbands having a name written that no one except he himself knows, | 0,069458052 | 0,533512926 |
| 46002011 | NEG=except | For who among men knows the things of a man, except the spirit of the man that is in him? Thus also no one knows the things of God except the Spirit of God, | 0,072281348 | 0,479800892 |


| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 41005037 | NEG=except | And he did not allow anyone to follow along with him except Peter and James and John, the brother of James, | 0,074279061 | 0,565883949 |
| 42005021 | except=alon <br> e | And the scribes and the Pharisees began to reason, saying, "Who is this man who speaks blasphemies? Who is able to forgive sins except God alone?" | 0,074926355 | 0,207655663 |
| 40011027 | NEG=except | All things have been handed over to me by my Father, and no one knows the Son except the Father, and no one knows the Father except the Son and anyone to whom the Son wants to reveal him, | 0,083773164 | 0,568815317 |
| 43017012 | NEG=except | When I was with them, I kept them in your name, which you have given to me, and guarded them, and none of them has perished except the son of destruction, in order that the scripture would be fulfilled, | 0,084373593 | 0,502989416 |
| 41012032 | NEG=other= except | And the scribe said to him, "That is true, Teacher, You have said correctly that he is one and there is no other except him, | 0,085735334 | 0,408416366 |
| 41009008 | $\mathrm{NEG}=\mathrm{but}=\mathrm{al}$ one | And suddenly, looking around, they no longer saw anyone with them but Jesus alone, | 0,086802789 | 0,518053298 |
| 45004009 | ZERO | Therefore, is this blessing [ONLY] for those who are circumcised, or also for those who are uncircumcised? For we say, "Faith was credited to Abraham for righteousness," | 0,087602815 | -0,243080553 |
| 43003018 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { one=and=onl } \\ & y \end{aligned}$ | The one who believes in him is not judged, but the one who does not believe has already been judged, because he has not believed in the name of the one and only Son of God, | 0,092148956 | 0,251730648 |
| 44008001 | except | And Saul was agreeing with his murder, Now there happened on that day a great persecution against the church in Jerusalem, and they were all scattered throughout the regions of Judea and Samaria, except the apostles, | 0,093311548 | 0,186892217 |
| 43001018 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { one=and=onl } \\ & y \end{aligned}$ | No one has seen God at any time; the one and only, God, the one who is in the bosom of the Father - that one has made him known, | 0,093375782 | 0,251093485 |



| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43001014 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { one=and=onl } \\ & \text { y } \end{aligned}$ | And the Word became flesh and took up residence among us, and we saw his glory, glory as of the one and only from the Father, full of grace and truth, | 0,093416404 | 0,251229126 |
| 48006014 | NEG=except | But as for me, may it never be that I boast, except in the cross of our Lord Jesus Christ, through whom the world has been crucified to me, and I to the world, | 0,094035442 | 0,472763196 |
| 58011017 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { one=and=onl } \\ & \text { y } \end{aligned}$ | By faith Abraham, when he was tested, offered Isaac, and the one who received the promises was ready to offer his one and only son, | 0,099581752 | 0,259280759 |
| 42008051 | NEG=except | Now when he came to the house, he did not allow anyone to enter with him except Peter and John and James and the father and mother of the child, | 0,102159663 | 0,560874627 |
| 44004012 | NEG=other | And there is salvation in no one else, for there is no other name under heaven that is given among people by which we must be saved," | 0,102528505 | 0,248688251 |
| 43003016 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { one=and=onl } \\ & \text { y } \end{aligned}$ | For in this way God loved the world, so that he gave his one and only Son, in order that everyone who believes in him will not perish, but will have eternal life, | 0,102534335 | 0,25842753 |
| 62004009 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { one=and=onl } \\ & \text { y } \end{aligned}$ | By this the love of God is revealed in us: that God sent his one and only Son into the world in order that we may live through him, | 0,102680364 | 0,259165079 |
| 47012005 | NEG=except | On behalf of such a person I will boast, but on behalf of myself I will not boast, except in my weaknesses, | 0,110895901 | 0,445227281 |
| 46002002 | NEG=except | For I decided not to know anything among you except Jesus Christ and him crucified, | 0,111820059 | 0,541305552 |
| 40021019 | NEG=except =only | And seeing a single fig tree by the road, he went to it and found nothing on it except leaves only, And he said to it, "May there be no more fruit from you forever, and the fig tree withered at once, | 0,113036925 | 0,442299163 |
| 46009024 | ZERO | Do you not know that those who run in the stadium all run, but [ONLY] one receives the prize? Run in such a way that you may win, | 0,117057515 | -0,246045085 |
| 43019015 | NEG=except | Then those shouted, "Away with him! Away with him! Crucify him!" Pilate said to them, | 0,120778169 | 0,588382156 |


| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | "Shall I crucify your king?" The chief priests replied, "We do not have a king except Caesar!" |  |  |
| 40017008 | NEG=except =alone | And when they lifted up their eyes they saw no one except him - Jesus alone, | 0,122562249 | 0,556620155 |
| 46001014 | NEG=except | I give thanks to God that I baptized none of you except Crispus and Gaius, | 0,122625 | 0,591475456 |
| 41006008 | NEG=except =only | And he commanded them that they take along nothing for the journey except only a staff - no bread, no traveler's bag, no money in their belts - | 0,124062779 | 0,543805383 |
| 42011029 | NEG=except | And as the crowds were increasing, he began to say, "This generation is an evil generation! It demands a sign, and no sign will be given to it except the sign of Jonah! | 0,130350473 | 0,596173269 |
| 66014003 | NEG=except | And they were singing something like a new song before the throne and before the four living creatures and the elders, and no one was able to learn the song except the one hundred forty-four thousand who had been bought from the earth, | 0,130951829 | 0,60280274 |
| 40016004 | NEG=except | An evil and adulterous generation seeks for a sign, and a sign will not be given to it except the sign of Jonah!" And he left them and went away, | 0,132539089 | 0,616741605 |
| 40012039 | NEG=except | But he answered and said to them, "An evil and adulterous generation desires a sign, and no sign will be given to it except the sign of the prophet Jonah! | 0,13265571 | 0,613988117 |
| 41002007 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { except=alon } \\ & \text { e } \end{aligned}$ | "Why does this man speak like this? He is blaspheming! Who is able to forgive sins except God alone?" | 0,13282094 | 0,180111916 |
| 42010042 | but | But [ONLY] one thing is necessary, for Mary has chosen the better part, which will not be taken away from her," | 0,142324305 | -0,194349507 |
| 46008006 | ZERO | yet to us there is one God, the Father, from whom are all things, and we are for him, and there is [ONLY] one Lord, Jesus Christ, through whom are all things, and we are through him, | 0,143399529 | -0,190781928 |
| 51003022 | ZERO | Slaves, obey your human masters in everything, not while being watched, as | 0,151371161 | -0,284382954 |



| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | people pleasers, but with sincerity of heart, fearing the Lord, |  |  |
| 44024021 | other=than | other than concerning this one declaration that I shouted while standing there before them: 'I am being judged before you today concerning the resurrection of the dead!"' | 0,167493347 | 0,092610932 |
| 49006006 | ZERO | not while being watched, as people pleasers, but as slaves of Christ doing the will of God from the heart, | 0,170354611 | -0,290683063 |
| 40019017 | ZERO | And he said to him, "Why are you asking me about what is good? There is one who is good, But if you want to enter into life, keep the commandments!" | 0,174271483 | 0,015579604 |
| 44002015 | ZERO | For these men are not drunk, as you assume, because it is the third hour of the day [ONLY], | 0,209030349 | -0,187313345 |
| 42017010 | ZERO | Thus you also, when you have done all the things you were ordered to do, say, 'We are unworthy slaves; we have [ONLY] done what we were obligated to do,'" | 0,278860596 | -0,227007366 |
| 59004012 | ZERO | There is [ONLY] one lawgiver and judge who is able to save and to destroy, But who are you to judge your neighbor? | 0,315436181 | -0,184105564 |
| 42012041 | ZERO | And Peter said, "Lord, are you telling this parable [ONLY] for us, or also for everyone?" | 0,322782895 | -0,252283963 |
| 45003030 | ZERO | since God is [ONLY] one, who will justify those who are circumcised by faith and those who are uncircumcised through faith, | 0,325075613 | -0,120322934 |
| 47003014 | ZERO | But their minds were hardened, For until this very day, the same veil remains upon the reading of the old covenant, not being uncovered, because it is done away with in Christ, | 0,327343789 | -0,2269824 |
| 50003019 | ZERO | whose end is destruction, whose God is the stomach, and whose glory is in their shame, the ones who think on earthly things, | 0,336964848 | -0,276606097 |
| 61002005 | ZERO | and did not spare the ancient world, but preserved Noah, a proclaimer of righteousness, and seven others when he brought a flood on the world of the ungodly, | 0,343284438 | -0,231254111 |



| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 41012029 | be=one | Jesus answered, "The most important is, 'Listen, Israe!! The Lord our God, the Lord is [ONLY] one, | 0,348527466 | -0,000796328 |
| 46009008 | ZERO | I am not saying these things according to a human perspective, Or does the law not also say these things? | 0,35997924 | -0,229961834 |
| 40023010 | ZERO | And do not be called teachers, because [ONLY] one is your teacher, the Christ, | 0,363592647 | -0,220574716 |
| 40023008 | ZERO | But you are not to be called 'Rabbi,' because [ONLY] one is your teacher, and you are all brothers, | 0,364895932 | -0,232595883 |
| 65001012 | ZERO | These are the ones feasting together without reverence, hidden reefs at your love feasts, caring for themselves, waterless clouds carried away by winds, late autumn trees without fruit, twice dead, uprooted, | 0,3657346 | -0,249766504 |
| 41014051 | only | And a certain young man was following him, clothed only in a linen cloth on his naked body, And they attempted to seize him, | 0,369782863 | -0,123090836 |
| 40005046 | ZERO | For if you love [ONLY] those who love you, what reward do you have? Do not the tax collectors also do the same? | 0,396042877 | -0,268108432 |
| 42006032 | ZERO | "And if you love [ONLY] those who love you, what kind of credit is that to you? For even sinners love those who love them! | 0,396042877 | -0,268108432 |
| 42006034 | ZERO | And if you lend [ONLY] to those from whom you expect to receive back, what kind of credit is that to you? Even sinners lend to sinners, so that they may get back an equal amount! | 0,398913611 | -0,233155974 |
| 59002019 | ZERO | You believe that God is [ONLY] one; you do well, Even the demons believe, and shudder! | 0,414759172 | -0,195389346 |
| 40023009 | ZERO | And do not call anyone your father on earth, for [ONLY] one is your heavenly Father, | 0,415847096 | -0,230033956 |
| 46014028 | ZERO | But if there is no interpreter, he must be silent in the church, but let him speak [ONLY] to himself and to God, | 0,417418275 | -0,233584687 |
| 60003020 | ZERO | who were formerly disobedient, when the patience of God waited in the days of Noah, | 0,419481397 | -0,249368458 |



| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | while an ark was being constructed, in which a [ONLY] few - that is, eight souls - were rescued through water, |  |  |
| 42006033 | ZERO | For even if you do good [ONLY] to those who do good to you, what kind of credit is that to you? Even the sinners do the same! | 0,431985177 | -0,257306569 |
| 43012044 | ZERO | But Jesus cried out and said, "The one who believes in me does not believe in me [ONLY], but in the one who sent me, | 0,432353472 | -0,269774451 |
| 48003020 | ZERO | Now the mediator is not for one, but God is [ONLY] one, | 0,435950994 | -0,207003328 |
| 44010041 | NEG=but | not to all the people but to us who had been chosen beforehand by God as witnesses, who ate and drank with him after he rose from the dead, | 0,444511281 | -0,198574659 |
| 50002021 | ZERO | For they all seek their own interests, not [ONLY] those of Jesus Christ, | 0,449334761 | -0,236888279 |
| 46012019 | ZERO | And if they all were [ONLY] one member, where would the body be? | 0,453555542 | -0,192884766 |
| 54002005 | ZERO | For there is [ONLY] one God and one mediator between God and human beings, the man Christ Jesus, | 0,453920345 | -0,205514316 |
| 43008028 | just | Then Jesus said to them, "When you lift up the Son of Man, then you will recognize that I am he, and I do nothing from myself, but just as the Father taught me, I say these things, | 0,466408336 | -0,189933727 |
| 46004019 | ZERO | But I am coming to you soon, if the Lord wills, and I will know not [ONLY] the talk of the ones who have become arrogant, but the power, | 0,467670413 | -0,242352924 |
| 49004004 | ZERO | [ONLY] one body and [ONLY] one Spirit (just as also you were called with one hope of your calling), | 0,46935204 | -0,181701292 |
| 54005009 | ZERO | Let a widow be put on the list if she is not less than sixty years old, the wife of [ONLY] one husband, | 0,475501389 | -0,192842428 |
| 40007021 | ZERO | "Not everyone who says to me, 'Lord, Lord,' will enter into the kingdom of heaven, but [ONLY] the one who does the will of my Father who is in heaven, | 0,478712618 | -0,208602206 |


| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 41009037 | ZERO | "Whoever welcomes one of the young children such as these in my name welcomes me, and whoever welcomes me does not welcome [ONLY] me, but the one who sent me," | 0,478862089 | -0,281413247 |
| 45002028 | ZERO | For the Jew is not [ONLY] §one outwardly, nor is circumcision outwardly, in the flesh, | 0,499614661 | -0,27381045 |
| 62003018 | ZERO | Little children, let us not love with word [ONLY] or with tongue [ONLY], but in deed and truth, | 0,501734891 | $-0,224957672$ |
| 47012002 | ZERO | I know a man in Christ fourteen years ago <br> - whether in the body I do not know, or outside the body I do not know, [ONLY] God knows - such a man was caught up to the third heaven, | 0,508599067 | -0,20970781 |
| 49004005 | ZERO | [ONLY] one Lord, [ONLY] one faith, [ONLY] one baptism, | 0,509556643 | $-0,164698071$ |
| 55003002 | ZERO | for people will [ONLY] be lovers of themselves, lovers of money, boasters, arrogant, slanderers, disobedient to parents, ungrateful, unholy, | 0,5199114 | $-0,245297867$ |
| 43004042 | ZERO | And they were saying to the woman, "No longer [ONLY] because of what you said do we believe, for we ourselves have heard, and we know that this one is truly the Savior of the world!" | 0,533978232 | -0,227860616 |
| 46012017 | ZERO | If the whole body were [ONLY] an eye, where would the hearing be? If the whole were [ONLY] §hearing, where would the sense of smell be? | 0,53449545 | -0,213447766 |
| 46014027 | ZERO | If anyone speaks in a tongue, it must be on one occasion [ONLY] two or at most three, and one after the other, and one must interpret, | 0,538620171 | -0,240710618 |
| 46012014 | ZERO | For the body is not [ONLY] one member, but many, | 0,540650113 | $-0,203746215$ |
| 47012003 | ZERO | and I know this man - whether in the body or apart from the body I do not know, [ONLY] God knows - | 0,544777393 | $-0,226591495$ |
| 46010024 | ZERO | Let no one seek his own good [ONLY] but the good of the other, | 0,545101279 | $-0,224461127$ |



| Verse | Code (ENG) | Text | WW Dim 1 | WW Dim 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 45015001 | ZERO | But we who are strong ought to bear the <br> weaknesses of the weak, and not to please <br> ourselves [ONLY], | 0,54783648 | $-0,218710109$ |
| 45004014 | ZERO | For if [ONLY] those of the law are heirs, <br> faith is rendered void and the promise is <br> nullified, | 0,548227552 | $-0,246324177$ |
| 54003002 | ZERO | Therefore the overseer must be <br> irreproachable, the husband of [ONLY] one <br> wife, temperate, self-controlled, <br> respectable, hospitable, skillful in teaching, | 0,554219702 | $-0,194348553$ |
| 43008041 | ZERO | You are doing the deeds of your father!" <br> Then they said to him, "We were not born <br> from sexual immorality! We have [ONLY] <br> one father, God!" | 0,557971271 | $-0,18841238$ |
| 48003016 | ZERO | Now to Abraham and to his descendant the <br> promises were spoken, It does not say, <br> "and to descendants," as concerning many, <br> but as concerning [ONLY] one, "and to your <br> descendant," who is Christ, | 0,573598119 | $-0,197941896$ |

## Appendix F: Immediate sequence

Table F.1: The 20 verses of the immediate sequence domain used for Map 1

| Verse | Penalty points | Text |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42013013 | 3 | And he placed his hands on her, and immediately she straightened up and glorified God. |
| 40026074 | 4 | Then he began to curse and to swear with an oath, "I do not know the man!" And immediately a rooster crowed. |
| 42005013 | 4 | And extending his hand he touched him, saying, "I am willing; be clean." And immediately the leprosy went away from him. |
| 40020034 | 5 | And having compassion, Jesus touched their eyes, and immediately they received their sight and followed him. |
| 41001042 | 5 | And immediately the leprosy went away from him and he was made clean. |
| 40017018 | 6 | And Jesus rebuked him, and the demon came out of him and the boy was healed from that hour. |
| 41005042 | 6 | and immediately the girl stood up and began walking around ( for she was twelve years old ). And immediately they were utterly and completely astonished. |
| 43005009 | 6 | And immediately the man became well and picked up his mat and began to walk. (Now it was the Sabbath on that day.) |
| 40008003 | 7 | And extending his hand he touched him, saying, "I am willing, be clean." And immediately his leprosy was cleansed. |
| 41010052 | 8 | And Jesus said to him, "Go, your faith has healed you." And immediately he regained his sight and began to follow him on the road. |
| 44003007 | 8 | And taking hold of him by the right hand, he raised him up, and immediately his feet and ankles were made strong. |
| 44009018 | 8 | And immediately something like scales fell from his eyes and he regained his sight and got up and was baptized, |
| 44016018 | 8 | And she was doing this for many days. But Paul, becoming greatly annoyed and turning around, said to the spirit, "I command you in the name of Jesus Christ to come out of her!" And it came out immediately. |
| 44022013 | 8 | came to me and stood by me and said to me, 'Brother Saul, regain your sight!' And at that same time I looked up at him and saw him. |
| 41014072 | 9 | And immediately a rooster crowed for the second time. And Peter remembered the statement, how Jesus had said to him, "Before the rooster crows twice, you will deny me three times," and throwing himself down, he began to weep. |
| 42001064 | 9 | And his mouth and his tongue were opened immediately, and he began to speak, praising God. |
| 40014031 | 10 | And immediately Jesus extended his hand and caught him and said to him, "You of little faith! Why did you doubt?" |
| 42022060 | 10 | But Peter said, "Man, I do not know what you are talking about!" And immediately, while he was still speaking, a rooster crowed. |



| Verse | Penalty <br> points | Text |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 44016026 | 10 | And suddenly there was a great earthquake, so that the foundations of the prison <br> were shaken. And immediately all the doors were opened and all the bonds were <br> unfastened. |
| 44016033 | 10 | And he took them at that very hour of the night and washed their wounds, and he <br> himself was baptized at once, and all those of his household. |

Table F.2: 'only' in immediate sequence, automatic extraction

| Language | Translation | Tokens | Marker | Type <br> (morph or word form) | Family |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Colombian Inga | inb-x-bible | 20 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| Chayuco Mixtec | mih-x-bible | 20 | ñi | W | Otomanguean |
| Borong | ksr-x-bible | 20 | deeŋ\# | M | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Mape | mlh-x-bible | 20 | akon | W | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Yau-Nungon | yuw-x-bible | 20 | gon\# | M | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Cofán | con-x-bible | 20 | yi\# | M | Isolate |
| Chuukese | chk-x-bible | 20 | chök | W | Austronesian |
| Sio | xsi-x-bible | 20 | nâ | W | Austronesian |
| Yabem | jae-x-bible | 20 | gen | M | Austronesian |
| Kuo | xuo-x-bible | 20 | hวy | W | Atlantic-Congo |
| Sango | sag-x-bible | 20 | gi | W | Atlantic-Congo |
| Koorete | kqy-x-bible | 19 | ¢ | M | Ta-Ne-Omotic |
| Tena Lowland Quichua | quw-x-bible | 19 | lla | M | Quechuan |
| Tuma-Irumu | iou-x-bible | 19 | gän\# | M | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Yopno | yut-x-bible | 19 | gin\# | M | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Aruamu | msy-x-bible | 19 | ra\# | M | Lower Sepik-Ramu |
| Plapo Krumen | ktj-x-bible | 19 | -do | W | Kru |
| Kakua | cbv-x-bible | 19 | jeh\# | M | Kakua-Nukak |
| Bola | bnp-x-bible | 19 | kunana | W | Austronesian |
| Pampanga | pam-x-bible | 19 | mu | W | Austronesian |
| Patpatar | gfk-x-bible | 19 | mon | W | Austronesian |
| Mapudungun | arn-x-bible | 19 | müten | W | Araucanian |
| Northern Oaxaca Nahuatl | nhy-x-bible | 18 | san | W | Uto-Aztecan |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Language } & \text { Translation } & \text { Tokens } & \text { Marker } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Type } \\ \text { (morph } \\ \text { or } \\ \text { word }\end{array} & \text { Family } \\ \hline & & & & \\ \text { form }\end{array}\right)$.

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Language } & \text { Translation } & \text { Tokens } & \text { Marker } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Type } \\ \text { (morph } \\ \text { or } \\ \text { word }\end{array} \\ \hline & & & \text { Family } \\ \text { form }\end{array}\right]$.


| Language | Translation | Tokens | Marker | Type <br> (morph or word form) | Family |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Keapara | khz-x-bible | 14 | mo\# | M | Austronesian |
| Madak | mmx-x-bible | 14 | mun | W | Austronesian |
| Mutu | tuc-x-biblepatabuyaang | 14 | mon | W | Austronesian |
| Sango | sag-x-biblenewworld | 14 | gi | W | Atlantic-Congo |
| Eastern Bolivian Guaraní | gui-x-bible | 13 | ño\# | M | Tupian |
| Cañar-Azuay-South Chimborazo Highland Quichua | qxr-x-bible | 13 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| Karajá | kpj-x-bible | 13 | le | M | Nuclear-Macro-Je |
| Melpa | med-x-bible | 13 | mint | W | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Poqomchi' | poh-x-biblewestern | 13 | xa | W | Mayan |
| Yuracaré | yuz-x-bible | 13 | jti | M | Isolate |
| Central Cagayan Agta | agt-x-bible | 13 | la | W | Austronesian |
| Halia | hla-x-bible | 13 | puku | W | Austronesian |
| Lowland Tarahumara | tac-x-bible | 12 | pe | W | Uto-Aztecan |
| Huaylas Ancash Quechua | qwh-x-bible | 12 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| Panao Huánuco Quechua | qxh-x-bible | 12 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| Gumatj | gnn-x-bible | 12 | yana | W | Pama-Nyungan |
| Angal Heneng | akh-x-bible | 12 | bombor | W | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Kalam | kmh-x-bibleminimib | 12 | nep | W | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Kobon | kpw-x-bible | 12 | nöp | W | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Aekyom | awi-x-bible | 12 | sa\# | M | Kamula-Elevala |
| Limbum | Imp-x-bible | 12 | ku | W | Atlantic-Congo |
| Mossi | mos-x-biblecatholic | 12 | bala | W | Atlantic-Congo |
| Mündü | muh-x-bible | 12 | bü | W | Atlantic-Congo |
| Isthmus-Mecayapan <br> Nahuat | nhx-x-bible | 11 | san\# | M | Uto-Aztecan |
| Isthmus-Mecayapan Nahuatl | nhx-x-biblerevised | 11 | san\# | M | Uto-Aztecan |
| Akha | ahk-x-bible | 11 | teh.-eh ${ }^{2}$ | W | Sino-Tibetan |


| Language | Translation | Tokens | Marker | Type <br> (morph <br> or <br> word <br> form) | Family |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| North Bolivian Quechua | qul-x-bible-2006 | 11 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| South Bolivian Quechua | $\begin{aligned} & \text { quh-x-bible- } \\ & 1976 \end{aligned}$ | 11 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| South Bolivian Quechua | $\begin{aligned} & \text { quh-x-bible- } \\ & 1993 \end{aligned}$ | 11 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| South Bolivian Quechua | quh-x-biblechumacharazani | 11 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| Inoke-Yate | ino-x-bible | 11 | ke\# | M | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Siroi | ssd-x-bible | 11 | ndo | W | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Chol | ctu-x-bible-tili | 11 | jach | W | Mayan |
| Tzotzil | tzo-x-biblechamula | 11 | no'ox | W | Mayan |
| Napu | npy-x-bible | 11 | pea | W | Austronesian |
| Southwest Tanna | nwi-x-bible | 11 | әтə | W | Austronesian |
| Bafut | bfd-x-bible | 11 | tsi'ì | W | Atlantic-Congo |
| Northwest Gbaya | gya-x-bible | 11 | nย | W | Atlantic-Congo |
| Bolivar-North Chimborazo Highland Quichua | qug-x-biblechimborazo | 10 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| Huallaga Huánuco Quechua | qub-x-bible | 10 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| Huamalíes-Dos de Mayo <br> Huánuco Quechua | qvh-x-bible | 10 | la | M | Quechuan |
| Margos-Yarowilca- <br> Lauricocha Quechua | qvm-x-bible | 10 | la | M | Quechuan |
| Magdalena Peñasco Mixtec | xtm-x-bible | 10 | -ni | M | Otomanguean |
| Gujarati | guj-x-bible | 10 | \% | W | Indo-European |
| Dupaninan Agta | duo-x-bible | 10 | la | W | Austronesian |
| North Bolivian Quechua | qul-x-bible-1985 | 9 | lla | M | Quechuan |
| Southern Conchucos Ancash Quechua | qxo-x-bible | 9 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| Kamano | kbq-x-bible | 9 | ke | M | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Guinea Kpelle | gkp-x-bible | 9 | nó | W | Mande |
| Loma (Liberia) | lom-x-bible | 9 | no | W | Mande |
| Urarina | ura-x-bible | 9 | acha | M | Isolate |
| Kanasi | soq-x-bible | 9 | os | W | Dagan |


| Language | Translation | Tokens | Marker | Type <br> (morph or <br> word <br> form) | Family |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dawawa | dww-x-bible | 9 | ḡa\# | M | Austronesian |
| Lote | uvl-x-bible | 9 | mana | W | Austronesian |
| Sa'a | apb-x-bible | 9 | mola | W | Austronesian |
| Momuna | mqf-x-bible | 8 | soonoo | W | Somahai |
| Kwoma | kmo-x-bible | 8 | ba | M | Sepik |
| Cusco Quechua | quz-x-bible | 8 | lla | M | Quechuan |
| Bimin | bhl-x-bible | 8 | kuw | W | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Rotokas | roo-x-bible | 8 | raga | W | North Bougainville |
| Poqomchi' | poh-x-bibleeastern | 8 | xa | W | Mayan |
| Kuot | kto-x-bible | 8 | it | W | Isolate |
| Kadiwéu | kbc-x-bible | 8 | ok | M | Guaicuruan |
| Bauzi | bvz-x-bible | 8 | gi | W | Geelvink Bay |
| Umanakaina | gdn-x-bible | 8 | mena | W | Dagan |
| Iwal | kbm-x-bible | 8 | ge | W | Austronesian |
| Manam | mva-x-bible | 8 | -la\# | M | Austronesian |
| Nyindrou | lid-x-bible | 8 | le | W | Austronesian |
| Lenje | leh-x-bible | 8 | bo\# | M | Atlantic-Congo |
| Tswana | tsn-x-bible-1908 | 8 | fela | W | Atlantic-Congo |
| Culina | cul-x-bible | 8 | ra\# | M | Arawan |
| Dadibi | mps-x-bible | 7 | naga | W | Teberan |
| Limbu | lif-x-bible-2009 | 7 | \# | M | Sino-Tibetan |
| Northern Conchucos Ancash Quechua | qxn-x-bible | 7 | Ila | M | Quechuan |
| Nii | nii-x-bible | 7 | mendpił | W | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Mosetén-Chimané | cas-x-bible | 7 | mọmo' | W | Isolate |
| Meyah | mej-x-bible | 7 | ojgomu | W | East Bird's Head |
| Gor | gqr-x-bible | 7 | par | W | Central Sudanic |
| Nangnda | bjv-x-bible | 7 | par | W | Central Sudanic |
| Fijian | fij-x-bible-hindi | 7 | ga | W | Austronesian |
| Mbula | mna-x-bible | 7 | men | W | Austronesian |
| Bafia | ksf-x-bible | 7 |  | W | Atlantic-Congo |
| Kako | kkj-x-bible | 7 | ndi | W | Atlantic-Congo |

## Appendix G: Double exponence

Table G.1: Double exponence of restrictive, automatic measurement

| Language | Translation | Tokens | Marker 1 | Marker 2 | Family |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dhao | nfa-x-bible.txt | 126 | di | dhoka | Austronesian |
| Kupang Malay | mkn-x-bible.txt | 106 | _ cuma _ | _ sa _ | Austronesian |
| Angaataha | agm-x-bible.txt | 90 | _ nehi _ | hihi _ | Angan |
| San Blas Kuna | cuk-x-bible.txt | 88 | _ unnila | bi | Chibchan |
| Eastern <br> Lowland <br> Kenyah | whk-x-bible.txt | 87 | _ bang _ | _ le_ | Austronesian |
| Eastern Bru | bru-x-bible.txt | 80 | _ống _ | _ sâng _ | Austroasiatic |
| Helong | heg-x-bible.txt | 70 | _ suma _ | _ sii _ | Austronesian |
| Ayautla <br> Mazatec | vmy-x-bible.txt | 69 | _ tu _ | _ sani _ | Otomanguean |
| Palikúr | plu-x-bible.txt | 64 | nen | he | Arawakan |
| Termanu | twu-x-bible.txt | 64 | _ ka'da _ | _ mesa _ | Austronesian |
| Batak Angkola | akb-x-bible.txt | 60 | _ hum _ | _ sajo _ | Austronesian |
| Jarai | jra-x-bible.txt | 59 | - kơnỡng | _ đôč _ | Austronesian |
| Bora | boa-x-bible.txt | 57 | ré | _ apáá | Boran |
| Lowland Tarahumara | tac-x-bible.txt | 55 | ${ }_{-} \mathrm{pe}_{\sim}$ | _cho _ | Uto-Aztecan |
| Iban | iba-x-bible.txt | 54 | _ semina | _ aja _ | Austronesian |
| Highland <br> Puebla Nahuatl | azz-x-bible.txt | 53 | _ sayó _ | _ san _ | Uto-Aztecan |
| Kele-Foma | khy-x-bible.txt | 51 | ko_ | _ kongo _ | Atlantic-Congo |
| Baba Malay | mbf-x-bible.txt | 49 | _ saja _ | _ chuma _ | Austronesian |
| Kutep | kub-x-bible.txt | 46 | ámām _ | _ nyáng _ | Atlantic-Congo |
| Karajá | kpj-x-bible.txt | 44 | le_ | _sohoji_ | Nuclear-Macro-Je |
| Angal Heneng | akh-x-bible.txt | 43 | _ bombor | _ was _ | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Hawu | hvn-x-bible.txt | 42 | wata | we _ | Austronesian |
| LomerianoIgnaciano Chiquitano | cax-x-bible-2002.txt | 37 | _tai_ | _kunauntaña_ | Chiquitano |
| Ambulas | abt-x-biblewosera.txt | 37 | _ male _ | _ nakurak _ | Ndu |
| Bimin | bhl-x-bible.txt | 36 | _ kuw _ | _ makmak _ | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Wapishana | wap-x-bible.txt | 35 | _ SOO _ | _ karikaonan | Arawakan |



| Language | Translation | Tokens | Marker 1 | Marker 2 | Family |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mapudungun | arn-x-bible.txt | 34 | _ müten _ | _re_ | Araucanian |
| Minangkabau | min-x-bible.txt | 34 | _ hanyo _ | _ sajo _ | Austronesian |
| Southeastern Tepehuan | stp-x-bible.txt | 34 | _ dai _ | _ pix _ | Uto-Aztecan |
| Sasak | sas-x-bible.txt | 32 | _ cume _ | _ doang _ | Austronesian |
| Yuracaré | yuz-x-bible.txt | 32 | jti | lëmmui _ | Isolate |
| Uighur | uig-x-bible-cyrillic.txt | 31 | ла | _ пәқәт | Turkic |
| South Barisan Malay | pse-x-bible.txt | 30 | _ ajau _ | _ cuman _ | Austronesian |
| Eastern Panjabi | pan-x-biblenewworld.txt | 30 | _ मिठढ _ | _ ठी_ | Indo-European |
| Lalana <br> Chinantec | cnl-x-bible.txt | 30 | _ 'nii'n' ${ }^{31}$ | _ hua $^{2}$ | Otomanguean |
| Uighur | uig-x-bible-arabic.txt | 30 | $y$ | _ | Turkic |
| Uighur | uig-x-bibleromanized.txt | 30 | -la _ | _ peqet | Turkic |
| Ngaju | nij-x-bible.txt | 29 | baya _ | bewei _ | Austronesian |
| Standard Indonesian | ind-x-biblekabarbaik.txt | 29 | _ hanya _ | _ saja _ | Austronesian |
| Standard Indonesian | ind-x-bibleterjemahanbaru.txt | 29 | _ hanya _ | _ saja _ | Austronesian |
| Siane | snp-x-biblekomongu.txt | 29 | _ ${ }^{\text {o }}$ | _ lawoko_ | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Northern Khmer | kxm-x-bible.txt | 28 | _ ตา _ | - เบิน | Austroasiatic |
| Buginese | bug-x-bible.txt | 28 | _ bawang | - banna _ | Austronesian |
| Lampung Api | ljp-x-bible.txt | 28 | - angkah | _ gaoh _ | Austronesian |
| Gujarati | guj-x-bible.txt | 28 | _ $\gamma_{\sim}$ | _ $\upharpoonright \mathrm{F}_{1}$ | Indo-European |
| Angguruk Yali | yli-x-bible.txt | 28 | _ eneg _ | - we _ | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Batak Dairi | btd-x-bible.txt | 27 | _ pellin | _ sambing _ | Austronesian |
| Angor | agg-x-bible.txt | 27 | _ yangiri _ | _ moani _ | Senagi |
| Javanese | jav-x-bible-1994.txt | 26 | _ mung _ | _ waé _ | Austronesian |
| Tabaru | tby-x-bible.txt | 26 | _ ka _ | _ duga _ | North Halmahera |
| Bima | bhp-x-bible.txt | 25 | mpa _ | _ cuma _ | Austronesian |
| Da'a Kaili | kzf-x-bible.txt | 25 | _ aga _ | _ lau_ | Austronesian |
| Kenga | kyq-x-bible.txt | 25 | _ sum _ | _ kalin_ | Central Sudanic |
| Luo (Kenya and Tanzania) | luo-x-bible.txt | 25 | _ kende _ | _ mana _ | Nilotic |
| Kara-Kalpak | kaa-x-bible.txt | 25 | _ тек _ | _ ғана _ | Turkic |



| Language | Translation | Tokens | Marker 1 | Marker 2 | Family |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kara-Kalpak | kaa-x-bible-cyrillic.txt | 25 | _ тек _ | _ ғана _ | Turkic |
| Kara-Kalpak | kaa-x-bible-latin.txt | 25 | _ tek_ | _ g'ana _ | Turkic |
| Adamawa Fulfulde | fub-x-bible.txt | 24 | _ tan | _ sey | Atlantic-Congo |
| Tupuri | tui-x-bible.txt | 24 | tawa _ | _ diñ | Atlantic-Congo |
| Central Aymara | ayr-x-bible-2011.txt | 24 | kiw | _ sapa | Aymaran |
| Cofán | con-x-bible.txt | 24 | yi _ | _ aqquia | Isolate |
| Dangaleat | daa-x-bible.txt | 23 | _ di_ | _ illa _ | Afro-Asiatic |
| LomerianoIgnaciano Chiquitano | cax-x-bible-1980.txt | 23 | _tai _ | _cunaunta_ | Chiquitano |
| Tobelo | tlb-x-bible.txt | 23 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { _ duga- }^{\text {duga }} \end{aligned}$ | _ dika _ | North Halmahera |
| Iraqw | irk-x-bible.txt | 22 | kilós | har | Afro-Asiatic |
| Mofu-Gudur | mif-x-bible.txt | 22 | _ gway _ | _ si _ | Afro-Asiatic |
| Javanese | jav-x-bible-1981.txt | 22 | _ mung _ | _ bae _ | Austronesian |
| Urdu | urd-x-bible-2007.txt | 22 | صرف | - | Indo-European |
| Thai | tha-x-biblenewcontemporary.txt | 22 | _ เพียง _ | - เดียว _ | Tai-Kadai |
| Mbunda | mck-x-bible.txt | 21 | lika | _ kuvanga _ | Atlantic-Congo |
| Lango (Uganda) | laj-x-bible.txt | 21 | _ keken _ | _ kono _ | Nilotic |
| Amarasi | aaz-x-bible.txt | 20 | _ suma | _ aah | Austronesian |
| Sundanese | sun-x-bibleinformal.txt | 20 | _ ngan _ | _ bae _ | Austronesian |
| Marathi | mar-x-bible.txt | 20 | च | फक्त | Indo-European |
| Matal | mfh-x-bible.txt | 19 | _ pera _ | _ say _ | Afro-Asiatic |
| South Wa | prk-x-bible.txt | 19 | khaing _ | _ ngie _ | Austroasiatic |
| Zhenkang Wa | wbm-x-bible.txt | 19 | _ khaing _ | _ ngie _ | Austroasiatic |
| Uripiv-Wala-Rano-Atchin | upv-x-bible.txt | 19 | kobbong | _san _ | Austronesian |
| Kazakh | kaz-x-bible.txt | 19 | _ ғана _ | _ тек _ | Turkic |
| Balinese | ban-x-bible.txt | 18 | - wantah | _ kewanten _ | Austronesian |
| Patpatar | gfk-x-bible.txt | 18 | _ mon_ | _ sen _ | Austronesian |
| Standard Indonesian | ind-x-bible-firman.txt | 18 | _ hanya _ | _ saja _ | Austronesian |
| Kanite | kmu-x-bible.txt | 18 | _'age_ | _ke_ | Nuclear Trans New Guinea |
| Usila Chinantec | cuc-x-bible.txt | 18 | $\mathrm{pa}^{2}$ | _ $\mathrm{jmah}^{3}$ _ | Otomanguean |



| Language | Translation | Tokens | Marker 1 | Marker 2 | Family |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ewe | ewe-x-biblenewworld.txt | 17 | - ${ }^{\text {ko _ }}$ | _ negbe _ | Atlantic-Congo |
| Limbum | Imp-x-bible.txt | 17 | _ku _ | _ caè'caè' | Atlantic-Congo |
| Makaa | mcp-x-bible.txt | 17 | _ nji | _ $\mathrm{\eta gwûd}$ | Atlantic-Congo |
| Central Khmer | khm-x-bible-2011.txt | 17 | โัก |  | Austroasiatic |
| Uma | ppk-x-bible.txt | 17 | -wadi_ | _ muntu' _ | Austronesian |
| Cuiba | cui-x-bible.txt | 17 | _ saya _ | _ meisa | Guahiboan |
| Urdu | urd-x-bibledevanagari.txt | 17 | - सिर्फ़ _ | - ही _ | Indo-European |
| Urdu | urd-x-bibleinternational.txt | 17 | _ صرف _ | - | Indo-European |
| Western Kayah | kyu-x-bible.txt | 17 | _ 9 | _o_ | Sino-Tibetan |


[^0]:    1
    This is not very different from secondary predication (Himmelmann \& Schultze-Berndt 2005). Actually, 'alone'-expressions, which are sometimes difficult to strictly separate from restrictives, are often quite typical cases of secondary predicates.
    König (1991: 32) points out that there are many different types of focus, and according to Matić \& Wedgwood (2013), focus cannot be considered an established cross-linguistic category type. Also note that information question words, which are usually considered to be focal, and restrictives can be in different constituents in the same clause in such examples as Who ate only rice? (see, for instance, Tellings 2014: 530 for Imbabura Quechua).
    According to König (1991: 32), a focus particle "relates the value of the focused expression to a set of alternatives".

[^1]:    340 stands for Matthew, the 40th book of the Bible, and 004010 for chapter 4 verse 10.
    4 It has also been argued that exclusion is non-scalar.

[^2]:    5 For a similar case where semantic-pragmatic paraphrases correspond to constructions also attested across languages, see de Swart et al. (2022).
    $6 \quad$ For "heavy" vs. "light" forms, see Kemmer (1993: 25) and Wälchli (2006).

[^3]:    $7 \quad$ IFF (if and only if) is a logical operator, of course, but "only" in it is just a way to paraphrase it in a natural language, it is not a logical component of IFF.

[^4]:    8 Exceptions are colloquial varieties of German and Swedish where nur and ba(ra) are used as frequent quotative markers (similar to colloquial English like). The corpus-version of the German Volxbibel NT has 885 occurrences of nur, roughly a sixth of which occurs with verbs of saying (as opposed to a total of 125 occurrences of Koine Greek mon-). However, the quotative use of 'only' is cross-linguistically rare and seems to be a special feature of colloquial and slang varieties of some Germanic languages. Another European language with a high frequency of an 'only' marker is Erzya Mordvin, where ans'ak 'only' is also used as a contrastive connective 'but'.

[^5]:    9 Explicatures and implicatures often occur together, which blurs the picture. In (10) it is not actually stated explicitly that the two clauses are about the same event, this is strictly speaking an implicature. A pure explicature would have to be something like He said 1 million were

[^6]:    coming to event $X$ at time $T$ and 10,000 came to event $X$ at time $T$. I am grateful to Bruno Olsson for this comment.

    10
    Put differently, it is generalizing, and often similar to all-clefts (Tellings 2020).

[^7]:    11
    Hymes (1964: 2-3) emphasizes "...the need for fresh kinds of data, to the need to investigate directly the use of language in contexts of situation so as to discern patterns proper to speech activity, patterns which escape separate studies of grammar..."

